

Product Datasheet **PE/Cyanine5 Anti-Mouse CD161/NK1.1 Antibody [PK136]** Catalogue Code: AGEL0488

Antibody Data

Product SKU:	AGEL0488	Clone:	PK136
Applications:	FCM		
Reactivity:	Mouse		

Important Note:

Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Product Information:

Alternate Names: Uniprot ID:	Killer cell lectin-like receptor subfamily B member 1C;Klrb1c;CD161 antigen-like family member C;Ly-55c;CD161/NK1.1;NKR-P1.9;NKR-P1C;NKR-P1 40;CD161c; P27814 P27812 Q99JB4		
Background:	NK-1.1 surface antigen, also known as CD161b/CD161c and Ly-55, is encoded by the NKR-P1B/NKR-P1C gene. It is expressed on NK cells and NK-T cells in some mouse strains, including C57BL/6, FVB/N, and NZB, but not AKR, BALB/c, CBA/J, C3H, DBA/1, DBA/2, NOD, SJL, and 129. Expression of NKR-P1C antigen has been correlated with lysis of tumor cells in vitro and rejection of bone marrow allografts in vivo. NK-1.1 has also been shown to play a role in NK cell activation, IFN-γ production, and cytotoxic granule release. NK-1.1 and DX5 are commonly used as mouse NK cell markers.		
Form:	Liquid	PE/Cyanine5 Excitation and Emission Spectra	
Conjugation:	PE/Cyanine 5	100 -	
Size:	25µg, 100µg	80	
Host Species:	Mouse	\$ 5 5 5 60 - 1 1 1 40 - - - - - - - - - - - - -	
Isotype:	Mouse IgG2a, к	20 0 350 400 450 500 550 600 650 700 750 800 Wavelength (nm)	



Isotype Control: PE/Cyanine5 Mouse IgG2a, κ Isotype Control[C1.18.4] [Product AGEL0488]

Storage Buffer: Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% stabilizer and 1% protein protectant.

Shipping: Biological ice pack at 4°C



- **Stability & Storage:** Keep as concentrated solution. Store at 2~8°C and protected from prolonged exposure to light. Do not freeze. Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents. This product is guaranteed up to one year from purchase.
- RecommendedEach lot of this antibody is quality control tested by flow cytometric analysis. Please check
your vial before the experiment. Since applications vary, the appropriate dilutions must be
determined for individual use. We suggest each investigator should titrate the reagent to
obtain optimal results [The recommended concentration is 0.1-1 μg/106 cells in 100 μL
volume].