

Product Datasheet

PE Anti-Mouse CD80 Antibody [16-10A1]

Catalogue Code: AGEL0525

Antibody Data

Product SKU: AGEL0525 Clone: 16-10A1

Applications: FCM

Reactivity: Mouse

Important Note:

Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Product Information:

Alternate Names: T-lymphocyte activation antigen CD80;Cd80;Activation B7-1 antigen;B7;

Uniprot ID: Q00609

Background: CD80 is a 60 kD highly glycosylated protein. It is a member of the lg superfamily and is

also known as B7-1, B7, and Ly-53. CD80 is constitutively expressed on dendritic cells and monocytes/macrophages, and inducibly expressed on activated B and T cells. The ligation of CD28 on T cells with CD80 and CD86 (B7-2) on antigen presenting cells (such as dendritic cells, macrophages, and B cells) elicits co-stimulation of T cells resulting in enhanced cell activation, proliferation, and cytokine production. CD80 appears to be expressed later in the immune response than CD86. CD80 can also bind to CD152, also

known as CTLA-4, to deliver an inhibitory signal to T cells.

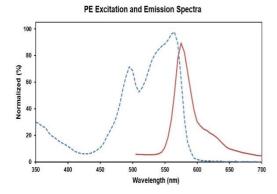
Form: Liquid

Conjugation: PE

Size: 50 Tests, 100 Tests, 200 Tests

Host Species: Armenian Hamster

Isotype: Armenian Hamster IgG



Ex:495;565 nm; Em:575 nm

Isotype Control: PE Armenian Hamster IgG Isotype Control[PIP] [Product AGEL0525]

Storage Buffer: Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% stabilizer and 1% protein protectant.

Shipping: Biological ice pack at 4°C



Stability & Storage: Keep as

Keep as concentrated solution. Store at 2~8°C and protected from prolonged exposure to light. Do not freeze. Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents. This product is guaranteed up to one year from purchase.

Recommended Usage:

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by flow cytometric analysis. The amount of the reagent is suggested to be used 5 μL of antibody per test (million cells in 100 μL staining volume or per 100 μL of whole blood). Please check your vial before the experiment. Since applications vary, the appropriate dilutions must be determined for individual use.