

#### **Product Datasheet**

# APC Anti-Mouse CD45.2 Antibody [104.2]

Catalogue Code: AGEL1517

## **Antibody Data**

Product SKU: AGEL1517 Clone: 104.2

Applications: FCM

Reactivity: Mouse

### **Important Note:**

Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

### **Product Information:**

Alternate Names: Ly-5.2; LCA;

Uniprot ID: -

Background: CD45.2 is an alloantigen of CD45, expressed by Ly5.2 bearing mouse strains (e.g., A,

AKR, BALB/c, CBA/Ca, CBA/J, C3H/He, C57BL, C57BR, C57L, C58, DBA/1, DBA/2, NZB, SWR, 129). CD45, a member of the protein tyrosine phosphatase (PTP) family, is a 180-240 kD glycoprotein expressed on all hematopoietic cells except mature erythrocytes and platelets. There are multiple isoforms in the mouse that play key roles in TCR and BCR signal transduction. These isoforms are very specific to the activation and maturation states of the cell as well as specific cell type. The primary ligands for CD45 are galectin-

1, CD2, CD3, CD4, TCR, CD22, and Thy-1.

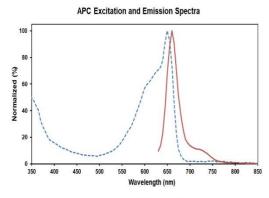
Form: Liquid

**Conjugation:** APC

Size: 50 Tests, 100 Tests, 200 Tests

Host Species: Mouse

**Isotype:** Mouse IgG2a, κ



Ex:650 nm; Em:660 nm

Isotype Control: APC Mouse IgG2a, κ Isotype Control[C1.18.4] [Product AGEL1517]

**Storage Buffer:** Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% stabilizer and 1% protein protectant.

**Shipping:** Biological ice pack at 4°C



**Stability & Storage:** Keep as concentrated solution. Store at 2~8°C and protected from prolonged exposure to

light. Do not freeze. Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial

contents. This product is guaranteed up to one year from purchase.

Recommended Usage:

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by flow cytometric analysis. The amount of the reagent is suggested to be used 5  $\mu$ L of antibody per test (million cells in 100  $\mu$ L staining volume or per 100  $\mu$ L of whole blood). Please check your vial before the experiment. Since applications vary, the appropriate dilutions must be determined for individual use.