

Product Datasheet **PE Anti-Human CD273/PD-L2 Antibody [24F.10C12]** Catalogue Code: AGEL1861

Antibody Data

Product SKU:	AGEL1861	Clone:	24F.10C12
Applications:	FCM		
Reactivity:	Human		

Important Note:

Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Product Information:

Alternate Names:	B7DC; CD273; PDCD1L2; PDL2;		
Uniprot ID:	Q9BQ51		
Background:	CD273, known as B7-DC, is also called programmed death ligand 2 (PDL2). This ligand is a 25 kD type I transmembrane protein and a member of B7 family within the immunoglobulin receptor superfamily and is expressed on a subset of dendritic cells, liver and a small subset of macrophages as well as a few transformed cell lines. CD273 has been reported to be stimulatory on dendritic cells when cross-linked and to inhibit T cell activation upon engaging the PD-1 receptor. CD273 has also been reported to bind to an alternative receptor and to mediate T cell activation through such non-PD1 mediated interactions.		
Form:	Liquid	PE Excitation and Emission Spectra	
Conjugation:	PE	80	
Size:	20 Tests, 100 Tests, 200 Tests	(%) per 60 -	
Host Species:	Mouse	40	
Isotype:	Mouse IgG2a, к	20 0 350 400 450 500 550 600 650 700 Wavelength (nm)	
		Ex:495;565 nm; Em:575 nm	
Isotype Control:	PE Mouse IgG2a, κ Isotype Control[C1.18.4] [Product AGEL1861]		

Storage Buffer: Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% stabilizer and 1% protein protectant.

Shipping: Biological ice pack at 4°C



- **Stability & Storage:** Keep as concentrated solution. Store at 2~8°C and protected from prolonged exposure to light. Do not freeze. Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents. This product is guaranteed up to one year from purchase.
- **Recommended** Usage: Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by flow cytometric analysis. The amount of the reagent is suggested to be used 5 μ L of antibody per test (million cells in 100 μ L staining volume or per 100 μ L of whole blood). Please check your vial before the experiment. Since applications vary, the appropriate dilutions must be determined for individual use.