

Product Datasheet

GenieFluor 488 Anti-Human CD81 Antibody [1.3.3.22]

Catalogue Code: AGEL2839

Antibody Data

Product SKU: AGEL2839 Clone: 1.3.3.22

Applications: FCM

Reactivity: Human

Important Note:

Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Product Information:

Alternate Names: CD81 antigen;CD81;26 kDa cell surface protein TAPA-1;Target of the antiproliferative

antibody 1.Tetraspanin-28;Tspan-28;APA1; TSPAN28;

Uniprot ID: P60033

Background: CD81 is a 26 kD non-glycosylated member of the tetraspanin superfamily (TM4SF), also

known as TAPA-1 (target of an antiproliferative antibody). CD81 is expressed on T and B cells, NK cells, monocytes, dendritic cells, thymocytes, endothelial cells, and fibroblasts. It also has low levels of expression on granulocytes. CD81 induces B cell adhesion via VLA-4 integrin and has been shown to play a role in early T cell development. CD81 associates with several other cell-surface proteins in a multimolecular complex, including CD19, CD21, CD20, CD37, CD53, and CD82 in B cells, and CD4, CD8 and CD82 in T cells.

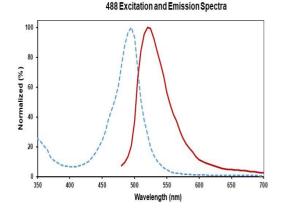
Form: Liquid

Conjugation: Genie Fluor488

Size: 20 Tests, 100 Tests, 200 Tests

Host Species: Mouse

Isotype: Mouse lgG1, κ



Isotype Control: Genie Fluor 488 Mouse IgG1, κ Isotype Control[MOPC-21] [Product AGEL2839]

Storage Buffer: Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% stabilizer and 1% protein protectant.

Shipping: Biological ice pack at 4°C



Stability & Storage: Keep as concentrated solution. Store at 2~8°C and protected from prolonged exposure to

light. Do not freeze. Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial

contents. This product is guaranteed up to one year from purchase.

Recommended Usage:

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by flow cytometric analysis. The amount of the reagent is suggested to be used 5 μ L of antibody per test (million cells in 100 μ L staining volume or per 100 μ L of whole blood). Please check your vial before the experiment. Since applications vary, the appropriate dilutions must be determined for individual use.