

Product Datasheet

FITC Anti-Human CD279/PD-1 Antibody [EH12.2H7]

Catalogue Code: AGEL3070

Antibody Data

Product SKU: AGEL3070 Clone: EH12.2H7

Applications: FCM

Reactivity: Human

Important Note:

Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Product Information:

Alternate Names: PDCD1;PD1;Protein PD-1;hPD-1;

Uniprot ID: Q15116

Background: Programmed cell death 1 (PD-1), also known as CD279, is a 55 kD member of the

immunoglobulin superfamily. CD279 contains the immunoreceptor tyrosine-based inhibitory motif (ITIM) in the cytoplasmic region and plays a key role in peripheral tolerance and autoimmune disease. CD279 is expressed predominantly on activated T cells, B cells, and myeloid cells. PD-L1 and PD-L2 are ligands of CD279 (PD-1) and are members of the B7 gene family. Evidence suggests overlapping functions for these two PD-1 ligands and their constitutive expression on some normal tissues and upregulation on activated antigen-presenting cells. Interaction of CD279 ligands results in inhibition of T cell

proliferation and cytokine secretion.

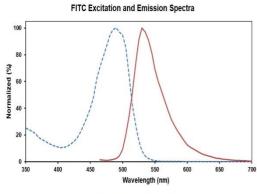
Form: Liquid

Conjugation: FITC

Size: 20 Tests, 100 Tests, 200 Tests

Host Species: Mouse

Isotype: Mouse IgG1, κ



Ex:490 nm; Em:530 nm

Isotype Control: FITC Mouse IgG1, κ Isotype Control[MOPC-21] [Product AGEL3070]

Storage Buffer: Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% stabilizer and 1% protein protectant.

Shipping: Biological ice pack at 4°C



Stability & Storage:

Keep as concentrated solution. Store at 2~8°C and protected from prolonged exposure to light. Do not freeze. Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents. This product is guaranteed up to one year from purchase.

Recommended Usage:

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by flow cytometric analysis. The amount of the reagent is suggested to be used 5 μ L of antibody per test (million cells in 100 μ L staining volume or per 100 μ L of whole blood). Please check your vial before the experiment. Since applications vary, the appropriate dilutions must be determined for individual use.