

Product Datasheet **PE Anti-Human/Mouse IL-5 Antibody [TRFK5]** Catalogue Code: AGEL3282

Antibody Data

Product SKU:	AGEL3282	Clone:	TRFK5
Applications:	ICFCM		
Reactivity:	Human;Mouse		

Important Note:

Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Product Information:

Alternate Names:	Interleukin-5;IL-5;B-cell differentiation factor I;T-cell replacing factor;TRF;		
Uniprot ID:	P05113 P04401		
Background:	IL-5 is a homodimeric, disulphide-linked protein produced by T-cells. Monomeric human IL-5 is a 126 amino acid protein with a reported molecular weight of 26 kD for the homodimeric protein. Mouse and human IL-5 are approximately 70% identical. IL-5 has been shown to promote the growth of immature hematopoietic BFU-E progenitors, stimulate the activation and differentiation of eosinophils, and promote the generation of cytotoxic lymphocytes. Mouse IL-5 induces the differentiation and proliferation of pre-activated B-cells and stimulates the production and secretion of IgM and IgA by B-cells stimulated with bacterial endotoxin. The TRFK5 antibody can neutralize the bioactivity of natural or recombinant IL-5.		
Form:	Liquid	PE Excitation and Emission Spectra	
Conjugation:	PE	100 -	
Size:	25µg, 100µg		
Host Species:	Rat	40	
Isotype:	Rat IgG1, κ	20 0 350 400 450 500 500 500 600 650 700 Wavelength (nm) Ex:495;565 nm; Em:575 nm	

Isotype Control:	PE Rat IgG1, κ Isotype Control[HRPN] [Product AGEL3282]
Storage Buffer:	Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% stabilizer and 1% protein protectant.

Shipping: Biological ice pack at 4°C



- **Stability & Storage:** Keep as concentrated solution. Store at 2~8°C and protected from prolonged exposure to light. Do not freeze. Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents. This product is guaranteed up to one year from purchase.
- **Recommended** Usage: Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by flow cytometric analysis. Please check your vial before the experiment. Since applications vary, the appropriate dilutions must be determined for individual use. We suggest each investigator should titrate the reagent to obtain optimal results [The recommended concentration is 0.1-1 μg/106 cells in 100 μL volume].