

# ALAD Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody



CAB12395

## Product Information

### Size:

20uL, 50uL, 100uL, 200uL

### Observed MW:

36kDa

### Calculated MW:

36kDa/39kDa

### Applications:

WB IF

### Reactivity:

Human, Mouse

## Antibody Information

### Recommended dilutions:

WB 1:500 - 1:2000 IF 1:50 - 1:200

### Source:

Rabbit

### Isotype:

IgG

### Purification:

Affinity purification

## Protein Background

The ALAD enzyme is composed of 8 identical subunits and catalyzes the condensation of 2 molecules of delta-aminolevulinate to form porphobilinogen (a precursor of heme, cytochromes and other hemoproteins). ALAD catalyzes the second step in the porphyrin and heme biosynthetic pathway; zinc is essential for enzymatic activity. ALAD enzymatic activity is inhibited by lead and a defect in the ALAD structural gene can cause increased sensitivity to lead poisoning and acute hepatic porphyria. Alternative splicing of this gene results in multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms.

## Immunogen information

### Gene ID:

210

### Uniprot

P13716

### Synonyms:

ALAD; ALADH; PBGS

### Immunogen:

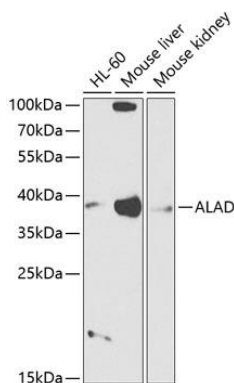
Recombinant fusion protein containing a sequence corresponding to amino acids 1-330 of human ALAD (NP\_000022.3).

### Storage:

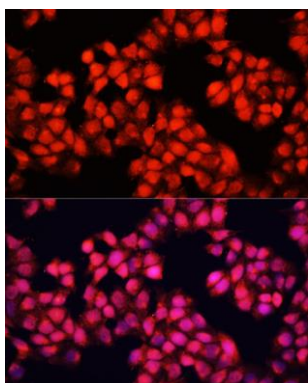
Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles. Buffer: PBS with 0.02% sodium azide, 50% glycerol, pH7.3.

## Product Images

---



Western blot analysis of extracts of various cell lines, using ALAD antibody (CAB12395) at 1:1000 dilution. Secondary antibody: HRP Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) (CABS014) at 1:10000 dilution. Lysates/proteins: 25ug per lane. Blocking buffer: 3% nonfat dry milk in TBST. Detection: ECL Basic Kit (CABM00020). Exposure time: 90s.



Immunofluorescence analysis of HeLa cells using ALAD antibody (CAB12395) at dilution of 1:100. Blue: DAPI for nuclear staining.