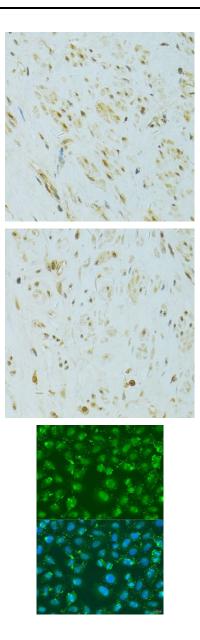
XBP1 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

CAB14651



ukemia virus type 1 promoter. It may increase expression of viral proteins by acting a IA binding partner of a viral transactivator. It has been found that upon accumulation of ed proteins in the endoplasmic reticulum (ER), the mRNA of this gene is processed to an form by an unconventional splicing mechanism that is mediated by the endonuclease of-requiring enzyme 1 (IRE1). The resulting loss of 26 nt from the spliced mRNA causes a rshift and an isoform XBP1(S), which is the functionally active transcription factor. The n encoded by the unspliced mRNA, XBP1(U), is constitutively expressed, and thought to on as a negative feedback regulator of XBP1(S), which shuts off transcription of targe during the recovery phase of ER stress. A pseudogene of XBP1 has been identified and ed to chromosome 5. unogen information
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nyms:
; TREB-5; TREB5; XBP-1; XBP2; XBP1s; CBX1
unogen: mbinant fusion protein containing a sequence corresponding nino acids 1-261 of human XBP1 (NP_005071.2).
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Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded human uterus using XBP1 antibody (CAB14651) at dilution of 1:100 (40x lens).

Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded human uterine cancer using XBP1 antibody (CAB14651) at dilution of 1:100 (40x lens).

Immunofluorescence analysis of U2OS cells using XBP1 antibody (CAB14651) at dilution of 1:100. Blue: DAPI for nuclear staining.