## CAB15286



## **Product Information**

Product SKU:	CAB15286	Gene ID:	3910		Size:	20uL, 100uL		
Clone No:	-	Host Species:	Rabbit		<b>Reactivity</b> :	Human		
Additional Information								
Observed MW:	203kDa		Conjugate:	Unconjugate	d			
Calculated MW	203kDa		lsotype:	lgG				

## Immunogen Information

Background:	Laminins, a family of extracellular matrix glycoproteins, are the major noncollagenous constituent of
	basement membranes. They have been implicated in a wide variety of biological processes including
	cell adhesion, differentiation, migration, signaling, neurite outgrowth and metastasis. Laminins are
	composed of 3 non identical chains: laminin alpha, beta and gamma (formerly A, B1, and B2, respectively)
	and they form a cruciform structure consisting of 3 short arms, each formed by a different chain, and a
	long arm composed of all 3 chains. Each laminin chain is a multidomain protein encoded by a distinct
	gene. Several isoforms of each chain have been described. Different alpha, beta and gamma chain
	isomers combine to give rise to different heterotrimeric laminin isoforms which are designated by Arabic
	numerals in the order of their discovery, i.e. alpha1beta1gamma1 heterotrimer is laminin 1. The
	biological functions of the different chains and trimer molecules are largely unknown, but some of the
	chains have been shown to differ with respect to their tissue distribution, presumably reflecting diverse
	functions in vivo. This gene encodes the alpha chain isoform laminin, alpha 4. The domain structure of
	alpha 4 is similar to that of alpha 3, both of which resemble truncated versions of alpha 1 and alpha 2,
	in that approximately 1,200 residues at the N-terminus (domains IV, V and VI) have been lost. Laminin,
	alpha 4 contains the C-terminal G domain which distinguishes all alpha chains from the beta and gamma
	chains. The RNA analysis from adult and fetal tissues revealed developmental regulation of expression,
	however, the exact function of laminin, alpha 4 is not known. Tissue-specific utilization of alternative
	polyA-signal has been described in literature. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants
	encoding distinct isoforms.
Recommended Dilution:	WB,1:200 - 1:2000
Synonyms:	LAMA3; CMD1JJ; LAMA4*-1; LAMA4
Purifcation Method:	Affinity purification

Immunogen:	A synthetic peptide corresponding to a sequence within amino acids 1-100 of human LAMA4
	(NP_001098678.1).
Storage:	Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.Buffer: PBS with 0.01% thimerosal,50% glycerol,pH7.3.