

# ATP1B2 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody



CAB16768

## Product Information

### Size:

20uL, 50uL, 100uL, 200uL

### Observed MW:

Refer to figures

### Calculated MW:

33kDa

### Applications:

IHC

### Reactivity:

Mouse, Rat

## Antibody Information

### Recommended dilutions:

IHC 1:50 - 1:200

### Source:

Rabbit

### Isotype:

IgG

### Purification:

Affinity purification

## Protein Background

The protein encoded by this gene belongs to the family of Na<sup>+</sup>/K<sup>+</sup> and H<sup>+</sup>/K<sup>+</sup> ATPases beta chain proteins, and to the subfamily of Na<sup>+</sup>/K<sup>+</sup> -ATPases. Na<sup>+</sup>/K<sup>+</sup> -ATPase is an integral membrane protein responsible for establishing and maintaining the electrochemical gradients of Na and K ions across the plasma membrane. These gradients are essential for osmoregulation, for sodium-coupled transport of a variety of organic and inorganic molecules, and for electrical excitability of nerve and muscle. This enzyme is composed of two subunits, a large catalytic subunit (alpha) and a smaller glycoprotein subunit (beta). The beta subunit regulates, through assembly of alpha/beta heterodimers, the number of sodium pumps transported to the plasma membrane. The glycoprotein subunit of Na<sup>+</sup>/K<sup>+</sup> -ATPase is encoded by multiple genes. This gene encodes a beta 2 subunit. Two transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene.

## Immunogen information

### Gene ID:

482

### Uniprot

P14415

### Synonyms:

ATP1B2; AMOG

### Immunogen:

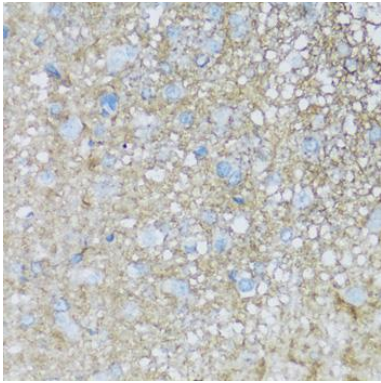
Recombinant fusion protein containing a sequence corresponding to amino acids 68-290 of human ATP1B2 (NP\_001669.3).

### Storage:

Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles. Buffer: PBS with 0.02% sodium azide, 50% glycerol, pH7.3.

## Product Images

---



Immunohistochemistry - ATP1B2 Polyclonal Antibody (CAB16768)