

FMO3 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody



CAB1901

Product Information

Size:

20uL, 50uL, 100uL, 200uL

Observed MW:

68kDa

Calculated MW:

60kDa

Applications:

WB IF

Reactivity:

Human, Mouse

Antibody Information

Recommended dilutions:

WB 1:500 - 1:2000 IF 1:10 - 1:100

Source:

Rabbit

Isotype:

IgG

Purification:

Affinity purification

Protein Background

Flavin-containing monooxygenases (FMO) are an important class of drug-metabolizing enzymes that catalyze the NADPH-dependent oxygenation of various nitrogen-, sulfur-, and phosphorous-containing xenobiotics such as therapeutic drugs, dietary compounds, pesticides, and other foreign compounds. The human FMO gene family is composed of 5 genes and multiple pseudogenes. FMO members have distinct developmental- and tissue-specific expression patterns. The expression of this FMO3 gene, the major FMO expressed in adult liver, can vary up to 20-fold between individuals. This inter-individual variation in FMO3 expression levels is likely to have significant effects on the rate at which xenobiotics are metabolised and, therefore, is of considerable interest to the pharmaceutical industry. This transmembrane protein localizes to the endoplasmic reticulum of many tissues. Alternative splicing of this gene results in multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms. Mutations in this gene cause the disorder trimethylaminuria (TMAu) which is characterized by the accumulation and excretion of unmetabolized trimethylamine and a distinctive body odor. In healthy individuals, trimethylamine is primarily converted to the non odorous trimethylamine N-oxide.

Immunogen information

Gene ID:

2328

Uniprot

P31513

Synonyms:

FMO3; FMOII; TMAU; dJ127D3.1

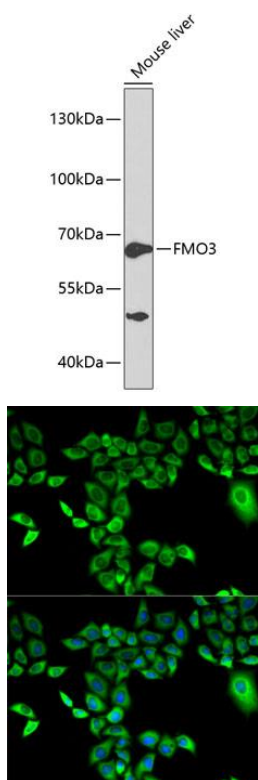
Immunogen:

Recombinant fusion protein containing a sequence corresponding to amino acids 263-532 of human FMO3 (NP_001002294.1).

Storage:

Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles. Buffer: PBS with 0.02% sodium azide, 50% glycerol, pH7.3.

Product Images



Western blot analysis of extracts of mouse liver, using FMO3 antibody (CAB1901) at 1:1000 dilution. Secondary antibody: HRP Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) (CABS014) at 1:10000 dilution. Lysates/proteins: 25ug per lane. Blocking buffer: 3% nonfat dry milk in TBST.

Immunofluorescence analysis of A-549 cells using FMO3 antibody (CAB1901). Blue: DAPI for nuclear staining.