

NR113 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody



CAB1970

Product Information

Size:

20uL, 50uL, 100uL, 200uL

Observed MW:

45kDa

Calculated MW:

30-40kDa

Applications:

WB IF

Reactivity:

Human, Mouse, Rat

Antibody Information

Recommended dilutions:

WB 1:500 - 1:2000 IF 1:50 - 1:200

Source:

Rabbit

Isotype:

IgG

Purification:

Affinity purification

Protein Background

This gene encodes a member of the nuclear receptor superfamily, and is a key regulator of xenobiotic and endobiotic metabolism. The protein binds to DNA as a monomer or a heterodimer with the retinoid X receptor and regulates the transcription of target genes involved in drug metabolism and bilirubin clearance, such as cytochrome P450 family members. Unlike most nuclear receptors, this transcriptional regulator is constitutively active in the absence of ligand but is regulated by both agonists and inverse agonists. Ligand binding results in translocation of this protein to the nucleus, where it activates or represses target gene transcription. These ligands include bilirubin, a variety of foreign compounds, steroid hormones, and prescription drugs. Multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene.

Immunogen information

Gene ID:

9970

Uniprot

Q14994

Synonyms:

NR113; CAR; CAR1; NR113

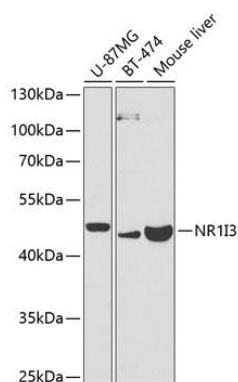
Immunogen:

Recombinant fusion protein containing a sequence corresponding to amino acids 103-352 of human NR113 (NP_001070948.1).

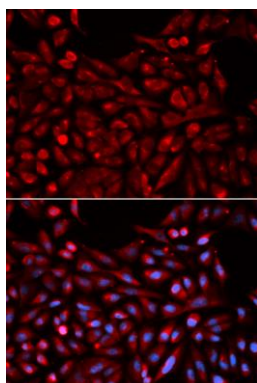
Storage:

Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles. Buffer: PBS with 0.02% sodium azide, 50% glycerol, pH7.3.

Product Images



Western blot analysis of extracts of various cell lines, using NR113 antibody (CAB1970) at 1:1000 dilution. Secondary antibody: HRP Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) (CABS014) at 1:10000 dilution. Lysates/proteins: 25ug per lane. Blocking buffer: 3% nonfat dry milk in TBST.



Immunofluorescence analysis of U2OS cells using NR113 antibody (CAB1970). Blue: DAPI for nuclear staining.