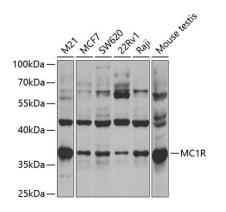
## MC1R Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

## CAB3009



roduct Information	Protein Background
Size:	This intronless gene encodes the receptor protein for melanocyte-stimulating hormone (MSH)
20uL, 50uL, 100uL, 200uL	The encoded protein, a seven pass transmembrane G protein coupled receptor, controls melanogenesis. Two types of melanin exist: red pheomelanin and black eumelanin. Gene
Observed MW:	mutations that lead to a loss in function are associated with increased pheomelanin production which leads to lighter skin and hair color. Eumelanin is photoprotective but pheomelanin may
37kDa	contribute to UV-induced skin damage by generating free radicals upon UV radiation. Binding of MSH to its receptor activates the receptor and stimulates eumelanin synthesis. This receptor
Calculated MW:	is a major determining factor in sun sensitivity and is a genetic risk factor for melanoma and
34kDa	non-melanoma skin cancer. Over 30 variant alleles have been identified which correlate with skin and hair color, providing evidence that this gene is an important component in
Applications:	determining normal human pigment variation.
WB	Immunogen information
Reactivity:	Gene ID:
Human, Mouse	4157
	Uniprot Q01726
Antibody Information	
Recommended dilutions: WB 1:1000 - 1:2000	<b>Synonyms:</b> MC1R; CMM5; MSH-R; SHEP2
<b>Source:</b> Rabbit	
	<b>Immunogen:</b> Recombinant protein of human MC1R
lsotype:	
lgG	<b>Storage:</b> Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles. Buffer: PBS with 0.02% sodium azide, 50% glycerol, pH7.3.
Purification:	



Western blot analysis of extracts of various cell lines, using MC1R antibody (CAB3009) at 1:400 dilution. Secondary antibody: HRP Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) (CABS014) at 1:10000 dilution. Lysates/proteins: 25ug per lane. Blocking buffer: 3% nonfat dry milk in TBST. Detection: ECL Enhanced Kit (CABM00021). Exposure time: 90s.