IDH1 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody



Isocitrate dehydrogenases catalyze the oxidative decarboxylation of isocitrate to 2oxoglutarate. These enzymes belong to two distinct subclasses, one of which utilizes NAD(+)

as the electron acceptor and the other NADP(+). Five isocitrate dehydrogenases have been reported: three NAD(+)-dependent isocitrate dehydrogenases, which localize to the

mitochondrial matrix, and two NADP(+)-dependent isocitrate dehydrogenases, one of which is mitochondrial and the other predominantly cytosolic. Each NADP(+)-dependent isozyme is a

homodimer. The protein encoded by this gene is the NADP(+)-dependent isocitrate

dehydrogenase found in the cytoplasm and peroxisomes. It contains the PTS-1 peroxisomal targeting signal sequence. The presence of this enzyme in peroxisomes suggests roles in the

regeneration of NADPH for intraperoxisomal reductions, such as the conversion of 2, 4-dienoyl-CoAs to 3-enoyl-CoAs, as well as in peroxisomal reactions that consume 2-oxoglutarate,

namely the alpha-hydroxylation of phytanic acid. The cytoplasmic enzyme serves a significant role in cytoplasmic NADPH production. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding the

same protein have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Sep 2013]

CAB5106

Product Information

Size:

20uL, 50uL, 100uL, 200uL

Observed MW:

45KDa

Calculated MW:

45kDa

Applications:

WB

Reactivity:

Human, Mouse, Rat

Recommended dilutions:

Antibody Information

WB 1:500 - 1:2000

Source:

Rabbit

HEL-216; HEL-S-26; IDCD; IDH; IDP; IDPC; PICD

Isotype:

IgG

Immunogen:

Synonyms:

Gene ID: 3417

Uniprot 075874

Protein Background

A synthesized peptide derived from human IDH1

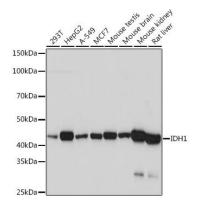
Storage: **Purification:**

Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles. Buffer: PBS with 0.02% Affinity purification

Immunogen information

sodium azide, 0.05% BSA, 50% glycerol, pH7.3.

Product Images



Western blot - IDH1 Rabbit mAb (CAB5106)