CAB6974

## Product Information

Size:
20uL, 50uL, 100uL, 200uL
Observed MW:

## Calculated MW:

11 kDa

## Applications:

## IF

Reactivity:
Human

## Protein Background

Ribosomes, the organelles that catalyze protein synthesis, consist of a small 40S subunit and a large 605 subunit. Together these subunits are composed of 4 RNA species and approximately 80 structurally distinct proteins. This gene encodes a ribosomal phosphoprotein that is a component of the 60S subunit. The protein, which is a functional equivalent of the E. coli L7/L12 ribosomal protein, belongs to the L12P family of ribosomal proteins. It plays an important role in the elongation step of protein synthesis. Unlike most ribosomal proteins, which are basic, the encoded protein is acidic. Its C-terminal end is nearly identical to the C-terminal ends of the ribosomal phosphoproteins P0 and P1. The P2 protein can interact with P0 and P1 to form a pentameric complex consisting of P1 and P2 dimers, and a P0 monomer. The protein is located in the cytoplasm. As is typical for genes encoding ribosomal proteins, there are multiple processed pseudogenes of this gene dispersed through the genome.

Immunogen information
Gene ID:
6181

## Uniprot

P05387

## Antibody Information

## Recommended dilutions:

IF 1:50-1:100

## Source:

Rabbit

## Immunogen:

Recombinant fusion protein containing a sequence corresponding to amino acids 1-115 of human RPLP2 (NP_000995.1).

## Storage:

Store at $-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles. Buffer: PBS with $0.02 \%$ sodium azide, 50\% glycerol, pH7.3.


Immunofluorescence analysis of U2OS cells using RPLP2 antibody (CAB6974). Blue: DAPI for nuclear staining.

