## **ABAT Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody**

## CAB9146



Product Information	Protein Background
Size:	4-aminobutyrate aminotransferase (ABAT) is responsible for catabolism of gamma-
20uL, 50uL, 100uL, 200uL	aminobutyric acid (GABA), an important, mostly inhibitory neurotransmitter in the central nervous system, into succinic semialdehyde. The active enzyme is a homodimer of 50-kD
Observed MW:	subunits complexed to pyridoxal-5-phosphate. The protein sequence is over 95% similar to the pig protein. GABA is estimated to be present in nearly one-third of human synapses. ABAT in
50KDa	liver and brain is controlled by 2 codominant alleles with a frequency in a Caucasian population of 0.56 and 0.44. The ABAT deficiency phenotype includes psychomotor retardation, hypotonia,
Calculated MW:	hyperreflexia, lethargy, refractory seizures, and EEG abnormalities. Multiple alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding the same protein isoform have been found for this gene. [provided
50kDa	by RefSeq, Jul 2008]
Applications:	Immunogen information
WB IHC	Gene ID:
Reactivity:	18
Human, Mouse, Rat	Uniprot P80404
Antibody Information	Synonyms:
<b>Recommended dilutions:</b> WB 1:500 - 1:2000 IHC 1:50 - 1:200	GABA-AT; GABAT; NPD009
<b>Source:</b> Rabbit	Immunogen: A synthesized peptide derived from human ABAT
<b>lsotype:</b> lgG	<b>Storage:</b> Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles. Buffer: PBS with 0.02% sodium azide, 0.05% BSA, 50% glycerol, pH7.3.

**Purification:** Affinity purification



Western blot - ABAT Rabbit mAb (CAB9146)