

Phospho-RPS6-S235 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody



CABP0227

Product Information

Size:

50uL, 100uL, 200uL

Observed MW:

29kDa

Calculated MW:

28kDa

Applications:

WB

Reactivity:

Human, Rat

Antibody Information

Recommended dilutions:

WB 1:500 - 1:2000

Source:

Rabbit

Isotype:

IgG

Purification:

Affinity purification

Protein Background

Ribosomes, the organelles that catalyze protein synthesis, consist of a small 40S subunit and a large 60S subunit. Together these subunits are composed of 4 RNA species and approximately 80 structurally distinct proteins. This gene encodes a cytoplasmic ribosomal protein that is a component of the 40S subunit. The protein belongs to the S6E family of ribosomal proteins. It is the major substrate of protein kinases in the ribosome, with subsets of five C-terminal serine residues phosphorylated by different protein kinases. Phosphorylation is induced by a wide range of stimuli, including growth factors, tumor-promoting agents, and mitogens. Dephosphorylation occurs at growth arrest. The protein may contribute to the control of cell growth and proliferation through the selective translation of particular classes of mRNA. As is typical for genes encoding ribosomal proteins, there are multiple processed pseudogenes of this gene dispersed through the genome.

Immunogen information

Gene ID:

6194

Uniprot

P62753

Synonyms:

RPS6; S6; RPS6

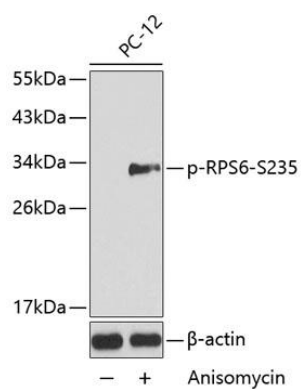
Immunogen:

A phospho specific peptide corresponding to residues surrounding S235 of human RPS6

Storage:

Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles. Buffer: PBS with 0.02% sodium azide, 50% glycerol, pH7.3.

Product Images



Western blot analysis of extracts from PC12 cells untreated or treated with anisomycin, using phospho-RPS6-S235 antibody (CABP0227). Secondary antibody: HRP Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) (CABS014) at 1:10000 dilution. Lysates/proteins: 25ug per lane. Blocking buffer: 3% BSA.