Phospho-NFKB1-S933 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

CABP0513



Protein Background
This gene encodes a 105 kD protein which can undergo cotranslational processing by the 265
proteasome to produce a 50 kD protein. The 105 kD protein is a Rel protein-specific transcription inhibitor and the 50 kD protein is a DNA binding subunit of the NF-kappa-E
(NFKB) protein complex. NFKB is a transcription regulator that is activated by various intra- and extra-cellular stimuli such as cytokines, oxidant-free radicals, ultraviolet irradiation, and
bacterial or viral products. Activated NFKB translocates into the nucleus and stimulates the expression of genes involved in a wide variety of biological functions. Inappropriate activation
of NFKB has been associated with a number of inflammatory diseases while persistent inhibitior
of NFKB leads to inappropriate immune cell development or delayed cell growth. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms, at least one of which
is proteolytically processed.
Immunogen information
Gene ID:
4790
Uniprot P19838
Synonyms:
NFKB1; CVID12; EBP-1; KBF1; NF-kB1; NF-kappa-B; NF-kappaB; NFKB-p105; NFKB-p50; NFkappaB; p105; p50
Immunogen:
A synthetic phosphorylated peptide around S933 of human NFKB1 (NP_001158884.1).
Storage: Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles. Buffer: PBS with 0.02%
sodium azide, 50% glycerol, pH7.3.