

CABP0557

Product Information							
Product SKU:	CABP0557	Gene ID:	5566		Size:	20uL, 100uL	
Clone No:	-	Host Species:	Rabbit		Reactivity :	Human, Mouse, Rat	
Additional Information							
Observed MW:	40kDa		Conjugate:	Unconjugate	ed		
Calculated MW	: 41kDa		lsotype:	IgG			

Immunogen Information

Background	This gene encodes one of the catalytic subunits of protein kinase A, which exists as a tetrameric
	holoenzyme with two regulatory subunits and two catalytic subunits, in its inactive form. cAMP causes
	the dissociation of the inactive holoenzyme into a dimer of regulatory subunits bound to four cAMP and
	two free monomeric catalytic subunits. Four different regulatory subunits and three catalytic subunits
	have been identified in humans. cAMP-dependent phosphorylation of proteins by protein kinase A is
	important to many cellular processes, including differentiation, proliferation, and apoptosis. Constitutive
	activation of this gene caused either by somatic mutations, or genomic duplications of regions that
	include this gene, have been associated with hyperplasias and adenomas of the adrenal cortex and are
	linked to corticotropin-independent Cushing's syndrome. Alternative splicing results in multiple
	transcript variants encoding different isoforms. Tissue-specific isoforms that differ at the N-terminus
	have been described, and these isoforms may differ in the post-translational modifications that occur at
	the N-terminus of some isoforms.
Recommended Dilution:	WB,1:500 - 1:2000
Synonyms:	CAFD1; PKACA; PPNAD4; Phospho-PKA C-alpha (PRKACA)-T197
Purifcation Method:	Affinity purification
Immunogen:	A synthetic phosphorylated peptide around T197 of human PKA C-alpha (PRKACA) (NP_002721.1).
Storage:	Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.Buffer: PBS with 0.02% sodium azide,50% glycerol,pH7.3.