Phospho-ACC1-S79 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

CABP0873



Product Information	Protein Background
Size:	Acetyl-CoA carboxylase (ACC) is a complex multifunctional enzyme system. ACC is a biotin
20uL, 50uL, 100uL, 200uL	containing enzyme which catalyzes the carboxylation of acetyl-CoA to malonyl-CoA, the rate limiting step in fatty acid synthesis. There are two ACC forms, alpha and beta, encoded by two
Observed MW:	different genes. ACC-alpha is highly enriched in lipogenic tissues. The enzyme is under long term control at the transcriptional and translational levels and under short term regulation by
Refer to figures	the phosphorylation/dephosphorylation of targeted serine residues and by allosteri transformation by citrate or palmitoyl-CoA. Multiple alternatively spliced transcript variant
Calculated MW:	divergent in the 5' sequence and encoding distinct isoforms have been found for this gene.
257 kDa/259 kDa/265 kDa/269 kDa	Immunogen information
Applications:	Gene ID:
IHC	31
Reactivity:	Uniprot Q13085
Human	
	Synonyms: ACACA; ACAC; ACACAD; ACC; ACC1; ACCA
Antibody Information	
Recommended dilutions:	
IHC 1:500 - 1:2000	Immunogen:
	A phospho specific peptide corresponding to residues surrounding
Source: Rabbit	S79 of human ACC1
	Storage:
lsotype:	Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles. Buffer: PBS with 0.02%
lgG	sodium azide, 50% glycerol, pH7.3.

Purification: Affinity purification