ERG Antibody



PACO14494

Product Information

Size:

50ul

Reactivity:

Human, Mouse

Source:

Rabbit

Isotype:

IgG

Applications:

ELISA, IHC

Recommended dilutions:

ELISA:1:2000-1:5000, IHC:1:25-1:100

Protein Background:

This gene encodes a member of the erythroblast transformation-specific (ETS) family of transcriptions factors. All members of this family are key regulators of embryonic development, cell proliferation, differentiation, angiogenesis, inflammation, and apoptosis. The protein encoded by this gene is mainly expressed in the nucleus. It contains an ETS DNA-binding domain and a PNT (pointed) domain which is implicated in the self-association of chimeric oncoproteins. This protein is required for platelet adhesion to the subendothelium, inducing vascular cell remodeling. It also regulates hematopoesis, and the differentiation and maturation of megakaryocytic cells. This gene is involved in chromosomal translocations, resulting in different fusion gene products, such as TMPSSR2-ERG and NDRG1-ERG in prostate cancer, EWS-ERG in Ewing's sarcoma and FUS-ERG in acute myeloid leukemia. Multiple alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been identified.

Gene ID:

ERG

Uniprot

P11308

Synonyms:

v-ets erythroblastosis virus E26 oncogene homolog (avian)

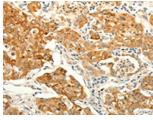
Immunogen:

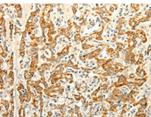
Fusion protein of human ERG.

Storage:

-20° C, pH7.4 PBS, 0.05% NaN3, 40% Glycerol

Product Images





The image on the left is immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human lung cancer tissue using PACO14494(ERG Antibody) at dilution 1/30, on the right is treated with fusion protein. (Original magnification: x—200).

The image on the left is immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human gastic cancer tissue using PACO14494(ERG Antibody) at dilution 1/30, on the right is treated with fusion protein. (Original magnification: x—200).