## **ERG Antibody**

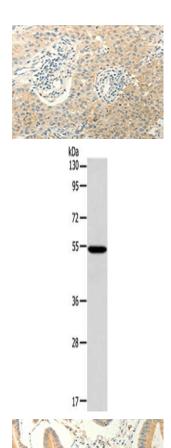
PACO14495



Product Information	
Size:	Protein Background:
50ul	This gene encodes a member of the erythroblast transformation-specific (ETS) family of
Reactivity:	transcriptions factors. All members of this family are key regulators of embryonic development, cell proliferation, differentiation, angiogenesis, inflammation, and
Human, Mouse	apoptosis. The protein encoded by this gene is mainly expressed in the nucleus. It contains an ETS DNA-binding domain and a PNT (pointed) domain which is implicated
Source:	in the self-association of chimeric oncoproteins. This protein is required for platelet
Rabbit	adhesion to the subendothelium, inducing vascular cell remodeling. It also regulates hematopoesis, and the differentiation and maturation of megakaryocytic cells. This
lsotype:	gene is involved in chromosomal translocations, resulting in different fusion gene products, such as TMPSSR2-ERG and NDRG1-ERG in prostate cancer, EWS-ERG in
lgG	Ewing's sarcoma and FUS-ERG in acute myeloid leukemia. Multiple alternatively spliced
Applications:	transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been identified.
ELISA, WB, IHC	Gene ID:
Recommended dilutions:	ERG
	Uniprot
ELISA:1:2000-1:5000, WB:1:500-1:2000, IHC:1:50-1:200	P11308
IIIC. 1.50-1.200	
	Synonyms:
	V-ets erythroblastosis virus E26 oncogene homolog (avian)
	Immunogen:
	Fusion protein of human ERG.

Storage:

-20° C, pH7.4 PBS, 0.05% NaN3, 40% Glycerol



The image on the left is immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human lung cancer tissue using PACO14495(ERG Antibody) at dilution 1/40, on the right is treated with fusion protein. (Original magnification: x—200).

Gel: 10%SDS-PAGE, Lysate: 40 μ g, Lane: 293T cells, Primary antibody: PACO14495(ERG Antibody) at dilution 1/650, Secondary antibody: Goat anti rabbit IgG at 1/8000 dilution, Exposure time: 2 minutes.

The image on the left is immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human colon cancer tissue using PACO14495(ERG Antibody) at dilution 1/40, on the right is treated with fusion protein. (Original magnification: x—200).