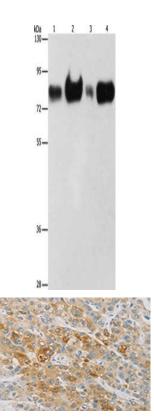
## **ACSL4 Antibody**

## PACO15618



Product Information	
Size:	Protein Background:
50ul	The protein encoded by this gene is an isozyme of the long-chain fatty-acid, coenzyme
Reactivity:	A ligase family. Although differing in substrate specificity, subcellular localization, and tissue distribution, all isozymes of this family convert free long-chain fatty acid, into
Human, Mouse, Rat	fatty acyl-CoA esters, and thereby play a key role in lipid biosynthesis and fatty acid, degradation. This isozyme preferentially utilizes arachidonate as substrate. The absence
Source:	of this enzyme may contribute to the mental retardation or Alport syndrome.
Rabbit	Alternative splicing of this gene generates 2 transcript variants.
lsotype:	Gene ID:
lgG	ACSL4
Applications:	Uniprot
ELISA, WB, IHC	O60488 Synonyms:
Recommended dilutions:	
ELISA:1:2000-1:5000, WB:1:500-1:2000,	acyl-CoA synthetase long-chain family member 4
IHC:1:25-1:100	Immunogen:
	Fusion protein of human ACSL4.
	Storage:

-20° C, pH7.4 PBS, 0.05% NaN3, 40% Glycerol



Gel: 8%SDS-PAGE, Lysate: 40 μ g, Lane 1-4: Hepg2 cells, hela cells, 293T cells, human fetal kidney tissue, Primary antibody: PACO15618(ACSL4 Antibody) at dilution 1/225, Secondary antibody: Goat anti rabbit IgG at 1/8000 dilution, Exposure time: 15 seconds.

The image on the left is immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human liver cancer tissue using PACO15618(ACSL4 Antibody) at dilution 1/25, on the right is treated with fusion protein. (Original magnification: x—200).