

HIST1H2AH Antibody



PACO16461

Product Information

Size:

50ul

Reactivity:

Human, Mouse

Source:

Rabbit

Isotype:

IgG

Applications:

ELISA, WB, IHC

Recommended dilutions:

ELISA:1:2000-1:5000, WB:1:500-1:2000,
IHC:1:50-1:200

Protein Background:

Histones are basic nuclear proteins that are responsible for the nucleosome structure of the chromosomal fiber in eukaryotes. Two molecules of each of the four core histones (H2A, H2B, H3, and H4) form an octamer, around which approximately 146 bp of DNA is wrapped in repeating units, called nucleosomes. The linker histone, H1, interacts with linker DNA between nucleosomes and functions in the compaction of chromatin into higher order structures. This gene is intronless and encodes a member of the histone H2A family. Transcripts from this gene lack polyA tails but instead contain a palindromic termination element. This gene is found in the histone microcluster on chromosome 6p21.33.

Gene ID:

HIST1H2AH

Uniprot

Q96KK5

Synonyms:

histone cluster 1, H2ah

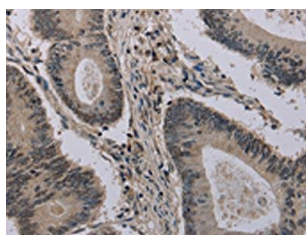
Immunogen:

Fusion protein of human HIST1H2AH.

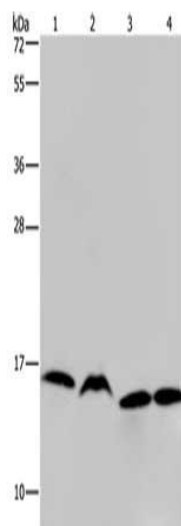
Storage:

-20° C, pH7.4 PBS, 0.05% NaN₃, 40% Glycerol

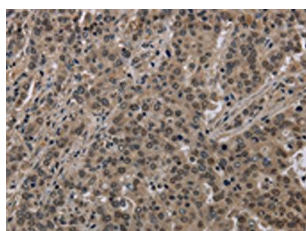
Product Images



The image on the left is immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human colon cancer tissue using PACO16461(HIST1H2AH Antibody) at dilution 1/40, on the right is treated with fusion protein. (Original magnification: x—200).



Gel: 10%SDS-PAGE, Lysate: 40 μ g, Lane 1-4: K562 cells, Raji cells, Hela cells, 293T cells, Primary antibody: PACO16461(HIST1H2AH Antibody) at dilution 1/250, Secondary antibody: Goat anti rabbit IgG at 1/8000 dilution, Exposure time: 10 seconds.



The image on the left is immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human liver cancer tissue using PACO16461(HIST1H2AH Antibody) at dilution 1/40, on the right is treated with fusion protein. (Original magnification: x—200).