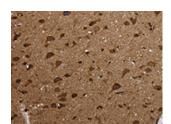
HSD17B13 Antibody

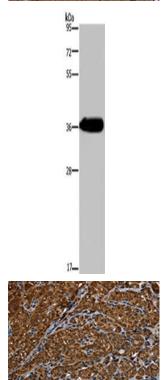
PACO16498



Product Information	
Size:	Protein Background:
50ul	17 beta -HSD13 (17 beta hydroxysteroid dehydrogenase type 13), also designated
Reactivity:	Short-chain dehydrogenase/reductase 9 (SCDR9), belongs to the 17 beta -HSD family of proteins, which regulate the availability of steroids within various tissues throughout
Human, Rat	the body. 17 beta -HSD13 is a 300 amino acid, secreted protein that is highly expressed in liver and is also detected in ovary, bone marrow, kidney, brain, lung, skeletal muscle,
Source:	bladder and testis. The gene encoding 17 beta -HSD13 maps to chromosome 4, which
Rabbit	houses nearly 6% of the human genome and has the largest gene deserts (regions of the genome with no protein encoding genes) of all of the human chromosomes.
lsotype:	Gene ID:
lgG	HSD17B13
Applications:	Uniprot
ELISA, WB, IHC	Q7Z5P4
Recommended dilutions:	Synonyms:
ELISA:1:2000-1:5000, WB:1:500-1:2000, IHC:1:50-1:200	hydroxysteroid (17-beta) dehydrogenase 13
	Immunogen:
	Fusion protein of human HSD17B13.
	Storage:

-20° C, pH7.4 PBS, 0.05% NaN3, 40% Glycerol





The image on the left is immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human brain tissue using PACO16498(HSD17B13 Antibody) at dilution 1/30, on the right is treated with fusion protein. (Original magnification: x—200).

Gel: 10%SDS-PAGE, Lysate: 40 μ g, Lane: Human fetal liver tissue, Primary antibody: PACO16498(HSD17B13 Antibody) at dilution 1/350, Secondary antibody: Goat anti rabbit IgG at 1/8000 dilution, Exposure time: 3 minutes.

The image on the left is immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human thyroid cancer tissue using PACO16498(HSD17B13 Antibody) at dilution 1/30, on the right is treated with fusion protein. (Original magnification: x—200).