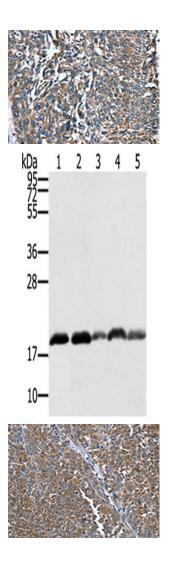
## **PTRH2** Antibody

PACO16916



Product Information	
Size:	Protein Background:
50ul	PTRH2 (peptidyl-tRNA hydrolase 2), also known as BIT1 (Bcl-2 inhibitor of transcription 1), is a 179 amino acid, mitochondrial protein. During apoptosis, PTRH2 is released from the mitochondia to the cytoplasm. Once in the cytoplasm, PTRH2 regulates the function of two transcriptional regulators, TLE5 and TLE1, thereby promoting caspase-independent cell death. It is also believed that the natural substrate for PTRH2 may be petidyl-tRNAs, which leave the ribosomes during protein synthesis.
Reactivity:	
Human, Mouse	
Source:	
Rabbit	Gene ID:
lsotype:	PTRH2
lgG	Uniprot
Applications:	Q9Y3E5
ELISA, WB, IHC	Synonyms:
Recommended dilutions:	peptidyl-tRNA hydrolase 2
ELISA:1:2000-1:5000, WB:1:500-1:2000, IHC:1:10-1:50	Immunogen:
	Fusion protein of human PTRH2.
	Storage:

-20° C, pH7.4 PBS, 0.05% NaN3, 40% Glycerol



The image on the left is immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human lung cancer tissue using PACO16916(PTRH2 Antibody) at dilution 1/20, on the right is treated with fusion protein. (Original magnification: x—200).

Gel: 12%SDS-PAGE, Lysate: 40 μ g, Lane 1-5: K562 cells, hepg2 cells, 231 cells, Jurkat cells, Raji cells, Primary antibody: PACO16916(PTRH2 Antibody) at dilution 1/250, Secondary antibody: Goat anti rabbit IgG at 1/8000 dilution, Exposure time: 20 seconds.

The image on the left is immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human ovarian cancer tissue using PACO16916(PTRH2 Antibody) at dilution 1/20, on the right is treated with fusion protein. (Original magnification: x—200).