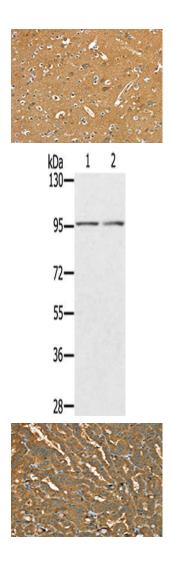
PYGL Antibody

PACO16918



Product Information	
Size:	Protein Background:
50ul	This gene encodes a homodimeric protein that catalyses the cleavage of alpha-1,4-
Reactivity:	glucosidic bonds to release glucose-1-phosphate from liver glycogen stores. This protein switches from inactive phosphorylase B to active phosphorylase A by phosphorylation of serine residue 15. Activity of this enzyme is further regulated by multiple allosteric effectors and hormonal controls. Humans have three glycogen phosphorylase genes that encode distinct isozymes that are primarily expressed in liver, brain and muscle, respectively.
Human, Mouse, Rat	
Source:	
Rabbit	
lsotype:	Gene ID:
lgG	PYGL
Applications:	Uniprot P06737
ELISA, WB, IHC	
Recommended dilutions:	Synonyms:
phosphorylase, glycogen, liver ELISA:1:1000-1:2000, WB:1:200-1:1000, IHC:1:25-1:100 Immunogen:	phosphorylase, glycogen, liver
	Immunogen:
	Fusion protein of human PYGL.
	Storage:

-20° C, pH7.4 PBS, 0.05% NaN3, 40% Glycerol



The image on the left is immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human brain tissue using PACO16918(PYGL Antibody) at dilution 1/20, on the right is treated with fusion protein. (Original magnification: x— 200).

Gel: 6%SDS-PAGE, Lysate: 40 μ g, Lane 1-2: PC3 cells, human fetal liver tissue, Primary antibody: PACO16918(PYGL Antibody) at dilution 1/300, Secondary antibody: Goat anti rabbit IgG at 1/8000 dilution, Exposure time: 30 seconds.

The image on the left is immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human thyroid cancer tissue using PACO16918(PYGL Antibody) at dilution 1/20, on the right is treated with fusion protein. (Original magnification: x—200).