GRIN2B Antibody

PACO18304



Product Information	
Size:	Protein Background:
50ul	N-methyl-D-aspartate (NMDA) receptors are a class of ionotropic glutamate receptors.
Reactivity:	NMDA receptor channel has been shown to be involved in long-term potentiation, an activity-dependent increase in the efficiency of synaptic transmission thought to
Human, Mouse, Rat	underlie certain kinds of memory and learning. NMDA receptor channels are heteromers composed of three different subunits: NR1 (GRIN1), NR2 (GRIN2A, GRIN2B,
Source:	GRIN2C, or GRIN2D) and NR3 (GRIN3A or GRIN3B). The NR2 subunit acts as the agonist binding site for glutamate. This receptor is the predominant excitatory neurotransmitter receptor in the mammalian brain.
Rabbit	
lsotype:	Gene ID:
lgG	GRIN2B
Applications:	Uniprot
ELISA, WB	Q13224
Recommended dilutions:	Synonyms:
ELISA:1:1000-1:5000, WB:1:500-1:2000	glutamate receptor, ionotropic, N-methyl D-aspartate 2B
	Immunogen:
	Synthetic peptide of human GRIN2B.
	Storage:

-20° C, pH7.4 PBS, 0.05% NaN3, 40% Glycerol



Gel: 8%SDS-PAGE, Lysate: 40 μ g, Lane: Mouse brain tissue, Primary antibody: PACO18304(GRIN2B Antibody) at dilution 1/700, Secondary antibody: Goat anti rabbit IgG at 1/8000 dilution, Exposure time: 40 seconds.