## Product Information

## Size:

50ul
Reactivity:
Human

## Source:

Rabbit
Isotype:
IgG
Applications:
ELISA, IHC

## Recommended dilutions:

ELISA:1:1000-1:5000, IHC:1:25-1:100

## Protein Background:

A-Raf, B-Raf and c-Raf (Raf-1) are the main effectors recruited by GTP-bound Ras to activate the MEK-MAP kinase pathway. Activation of c-Raf is the best understood and involves phosphorylation at multiple activating sites including Ser338, Tyr341, Thr491, Ser494, Ser497 and Ser499. p21-activated protein kinase (PAK) has been shown to phosphorylate c-Raf at Ser338 and the Src family phosphorylates Tyr341 to induce cRaf activity. Ser338 of c-Raf corresponds to similar sites in A-Raf (Ser299) and B-Raf (Ser445), although this site is constitutively phosphorylated in B-Raf. Inhibitory 14-3-3 binding sites on c-Raf (Ser259 and Ser621) can be phosphorylated by Akt and AMPK, respectively. While A-Raf, B-Raf and c-Raf are similar in sequence and function, differential regulation has been observed. Of particular interest, B-Raf contains three consensus Akt phosphorylation sites (Ser364, Ser428 and Thr439) and lacks a site equivalent to Tyr341 of c-Raf.

## Gene ID:

PSPN

## Uniprot

060542

## Synonyms:

persephin

## Immunogen:

Synthetic peptide of human PSPN.

## Storage:

-20\° C, pH7.4 PBS, 0.05\% NaN3, 40\% Glycerol


The image on the left is immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human lung cancer tissue using PACO18431(PSPN Antibody) at dilution $1 / 25$, on the right is treated with synthetic peptide. (Original magnification: x-200).

The image on the left is immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human brain tissue using PACO18431(PSPN Antibody) at dilution 1/25, on the right is treated with synthetic peptide. (Original magnification: $x-200$ ).

