CLEC4C Antibody



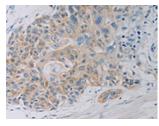
PACO18781

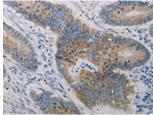
Product Information Size: **Protein Background:** 50ul Cell surface GPI-bound ligand for Eph receptors, a family of receptor tyrosine kinases which are crucial for migration, repulsion and adhesion during neuronal, vascular and Reactivity: epithelial development. Binds promiscuously Eph receptors residing on adjacent cells, leading to contact-dependent bidirectional signaling into neighboring cells. The Human signaling pathway downstream of the receptor is referred to as forward signaling while Source: the signaling pathway downstream of the ephrin ligand is referred to as reverse signaling. Induces compartmentalized signaling within a caveolae-like membrane Rabbit microdomain when bound to the extracellular domain of its cognate receptor. This signaling event requires the activity of the Fyn tyrosine kinase. Activates the EPHA3 Isotype: receptor to regulate cell-cell adhesion and cytoskeletal organization. With the receptor lgG EPHA2 may regulate lens fiber cells shape and interactions and be important for lens transparency maintenance. May function actively to stimulate axon fasciculation. **Applications:** Gene ID: ELISA, IHC CLEC4C **Recommended dilutions:** Uniprot ELISA:1:1000-1:5000, IHC:1:25-1:100 Q8WTT0 Synonyms: C-type lectin domain family 4, member C Immunogen: Synthetic peptide of human CLEC4C.

Storage:

-20° C, pH7.4 PBS, 0.05% NaN3, 40% Glycerol

Product Images





The image on the left is immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human esophagus cancer tissue using PACO18781(CLEC4C Antibody) at dilution 1/50, on the right is treated with synthetic peptide. (Original magnification: x—200).

The image on the left is immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human colon cancer tissue using PACO18781(CLEC4C Antibody) at dilution 1/50, on the right is treated with synthetic peptide. (Original magnification: x—200).