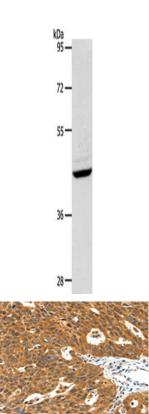
## **PLAT Antibody**

PACO18915



Product Information	
Size:	Protein Background:
50ul	Protein phosphatase that associates with over 200 regulatory proteins to form highly specific holoenzymes which dephosphorylate hundreds of biological targets. Protein phosphatase 1 (PP1) is essential for cell division, and participates in the regulation of glycogen metabolism, muscle contractility and protein synthesis. Dephosphorylates RPS6KB1. Involved in regulation of ionic conductances and long-term synaptic plasticity. May play an important role in dephosphorylating substrates such as the postsynaptic density-associated Ca(2+)/calmodulin dependent protein kinase II. Component of the PTW/PP1 phosphatase complex, which plays a role in the control of chromatin structure and cell cycle progression during the transition from mitosis into interphase. In balance with CSNK1D and CSNK1E, determines the circadian period length, through the regulation of the speed and rhythmicity of PER1 and PER2 phosphorylation. May dephosphorylate CSNK1D and CSNK1E. <b>Gene ID:</b>
Reactivity:	
Human	
Source:	
Rabbit	
lsotype:	
lgG	
Applications:	
ELISA, WB, IHC	
Recommended dilutions:	
ELISA:1:2000-1:5000, WB:1:500-1:2000, IHC:1:50-1:200	Uniprot
	P00750
	Synonyms:
	plasminogen activator, tissue
	Immunogen:
	Synthetic peptide of human PLAT.
	Storage:
	-20° C, pH7.4 PBS, 0.05% NaN3, 40% Glycerol



Gel: 8%SDS-PAGE, Lysate: 40 μ g, Lane: 231 cells, Primary antibody: PACO18915(PLAT Antibody) at dilution 1/350, Secondary antibody: Goat anti rabbit IgG at 1/8000 dilution, Exposure time: 15 seconds.

The image on the left is immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human ovarian cancer tissue using PACO18915(PLAT Antibody) at dilution 1/40, on the right is treated with synthetic peptide. (Original magnification: x—200).