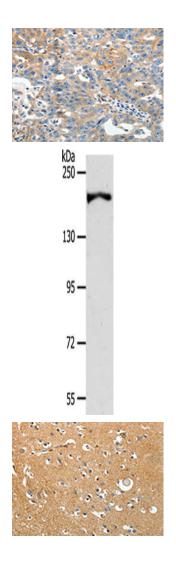
AKAP12 Antibody

PACO18925



Product Information	
Size:	Protein Background:
50ul	Multiubiquitin chain receptor involved in modulation of proteasomal degradation. Binds to polyubiquitin chains. Proposed to be capable to bind simultaneously to the 26S proteasome and to polyubiquitinated substrates and to deliver ubiquitinated proteins to the proteasome. May play a role in endoplasmic reticulum-associated degradation (ERAD) of misfolded glycoproteins by association with PNGase and delivering deglycosylated proteins to the proteasome. Involved in global genome nucleotide excision repair (GG-NER) by acting as component of the XPC complex. Cooperatively with CETN2 appears to stabilize XPC. May protect XPC from proteasomal degradation. The XPC complex is proposed to represent the first factor bound at the sites of DNA damage and together with other core recognition factors, XPA, RPA and the TFIIH complex, is part of the pre-incision (or initial recognition) complex.
Reactivity:	
Human	
Source:	
Rabbit	
lsotype:	
lgG	
Applications:	Gene ID:
ELISA, WB, IHC	AKAP12
Recommended dilutions:	Uniprot
ELISA:1:1000-1:2000, WB:1:200-1:1000, IHC:1:50-1:200	Q02952
	Synonyms:
	A kinase (PRKA) anchor protein 12
	Immunogen:
	Synthetic peptide of human AKAP12.
	Storage:
	-20° C, pH7.4 PBS, 0.05% NaN3, 40% Glycerol



The image on the left is immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human ovarian cancer tissue using PACO18925(AKAP12 Antibody) at dilution 1/40, on the right is treated with synthetic peptide. (Original magnification: x—200).

Gel: 8%SDS-PAGE, Lysate: 40 μ g, Lane: HT29 cells, Primary antibody: PACO18925(AKAP12 Antibody) at dilution 1/600, Secondary antibody: Goat anti rabbit IgG at 1/8000 dilution, Exposure time: 40 seconds.

The image on the left is immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human brain tissue using PACO18925(AKAP12 Antibody) at dilution 1/40, on the right is treated with synthetic peptide. (Original magnification: x—200).