## PACO19050

## Product Information

## Size:

50ul
Reactivity:
Human, Mouse

## Source:

Rabbit
Isotype:
IgG

## Applications:

ELISA, IHC

## Recommended dilutions:

ELISA:1:2000-1:10000, IHC:1:100-1:300

## Protein Background:

Endoplasmic reticulum chaperone that plays a key role in protein folding and quality control in the endoplasmic reticulum lumen. Involved in the correct folding of proteins and degradation of misfolded proteins via its interaction with DNAJC10/ERdj5, probably to facilitate the release of DNAJC10/ERdj5 from its substrate. Acts as a key repressor of the ERN1/IRE1-mediated unfolded protein response (UPR). In the unstressed endoplasmic reticulum, recruited by DNAJB9/ERdj4 to the luminal region of ERN1/IRE1, leading to disrupt the dimerization of ERN1/IRE1, thereby inactivating ERN1/IRE1. Accumulation of misfolded protein in the endoplasmic reticulum causes release of HSPA5/BiP from ERN1/IRE1, allowing homodimerization and subsequent activation of ERN1/IRE1. Plays an auxiliary role in post-translational transport of small presecretory proteins across endoplasmic reticulum (ER).

## Gene ID:

CASP9

## Uniprot

P55211

## Synonyms:

caspase 9 , apoptosis-related cysteine peptidase

## Immunogen:

Synthetic peptide of human CASP9 (active).

## Storage:

-20\° C, pH7.4 PBS, 0.05\% NaN3, 40\% Glycerol


The image on the left is immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human lung cancer tissue using PACO19050(CASP9 (active) Antibody) at dilution $1 / 80$, on the right is treated with synthetic peptide. (Original magnification: $x-200$ ).

The image on the left is immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human colon cancer tissue using PACO19050(CASP9 (active) Antibody) at dilution $1 / 80$, on the right is treated with synthetic peptide. (Original magnification: x-200).

