ARTN Antibody



PACO19249

Product Information Size: **Protein Background:** 50ul Encapsidates the negative strand viral RNA, protecting it from nucleases. The encapsidated genomic RNA is termed the ribonucleoprotein (RNP) and serves as Reactivity: template for transcription and replication. The RNP needs to be localized in the nucleus to start an infectious cycle, but is too large to diffuse through the nuclear pore complex. Human NP comprises at least 2 nuclear localization signals and is responsible of the active RNP Source: import into the nucleus through the cellular importin alpha/beta pathway. Later in the infection, nucleus export of RNP are mediated through viral proteins NEP interacting Rabbit with M1 which binds nucleoproteins. It is possible that the nucleoprotein binds directly exportin-1 (XPO1) and plays an active role in RNP nuclear export. M1 interaction with Isotype: RNP seems to hide nucleoprotein's nuclear localization signals. Soon after a virion lgG infects a new cell, M1 dissociates from the RNP under acid, fication of the virion driven by M2 protein. **Applications:** Gene ID: ELISA, WB ARTN **Recommended dilutions:** Uniprot ELISA:1:1000-1:2000, WB:1:200-1:1000 Q5T4W7 Synonyms: artemin Immunogen: Synthetic peptide of human ARTN. Storage:

-20° C, pH7.4 PBS, 0.05% NaN3, 40% Glycerol

Product Images



Gel: 12%SDS-PAGE, Lysate: 50 μ g, Lane 1-3: 293T cells, SP20 cells, human fetal liver tissue, Primary antibody: PACO19249(ARTN Antibody) at dilution 1/350, Secondary antibody: Goat anti rabbit IgG at 1/8000 dilution, Exposure time: 2 minutes.