ASCC2 Antibody

PACO19254



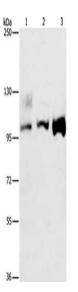
Size:	Protein Background:
50ul	Minor protein of the capsid that localizes along the inner surface of the virion, within
Reactivity:	the central cavities beneath the L1 pentamers. Plays a role in capsid stabilization through interaction with the major capsid protein L1. Once the virion enters the host
Human, Mouse	cell, escorts the genomic DNA into the nucleus, in particular by promoting virion endosomal escape. It is involved, through its interaction with host dynein, in the intracellular microtubule-dependent transport of viral capsid toward the nucleus. Mediates the viral genome import into the nucleus through binding to host importins. Mediates the viral genome import into the nucleus through binding to host importins. Once within the nucleus, L2 localizes viral genomes to PML bodies in order to activate early gene expression for establishment of infection. Later on, promotes late gene
Source:	
Rabbit	
lsotype:	
lgG	expression by interacting with the viral E2 protein and by inhibiting its transcriptional
Applications:	activation functions.
ELISA, WB	Gene ID:
-	ASCC2
Recommended dilutions:	Uniprot
ELISA:1:2000-1:5000, WB:1:500-1:2000	Q9H1I8
	Synonyms:
	activating signal cointegrator 1 complex subunit 2
	Immunogen:

Synthetic peptide of human ASCC2.

Storage:

-20° C, pH7.4 PBS, 0.05% NaN3, 40% Glycerol





Gel: 8%SDS-PAGE, Lysate: 40 μ g, Lane 1-3: A431 cells, 293T cells, hela cells, Primary antibody: PACO19254(ASCC2 Antibody) at dilution 1/500, Secondary antibody: Goat anti rabbit IgG at 1/8000 dilution, Exposure time: 30 seconds.