## **CLEC6A Antibody**



## PACO19556

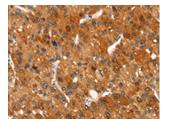
## **Product Information** Size: **Protein Background:** 50ul Promotes apoptosis, possibly via a pathway that involves the activation of NF-kappa-B. Can also promote apoptosis mediated by BAX and by the release of cytochrome c from Reactivity: the mitochondria into the cytoplasm. Plays a role in neuronal apoptosis, including apoptosis in response to amyloid peptides derived from APP, and is required for both Human normal cell body death and axonal pruning. Trophic-factor deprivation triggers the Source: cleavage of surface APP by beta-secretase to release sAPP-beta which is further cleaved to release an N-terminal fragment of APP (N-APP). N-APP binds TNFRSF21; this triggers Rabbit caspase activation and degeneration of both neuronal cell bodies (via caspase-3) and axons (via caspase-6). Negatively regulates oligodendrocyte survival, maturation and Isotype: myelination. Plays a role in signaling cascades triggered by stimulation of T-cell lgG receptors, in the adaptive immune response and in the regulation of T-cell differentiation and proliferation. **Applications:** Gene ID: ELISA, IHC CLEC6A **Recommended dilutions:** Uniprot ELISA:1:1000-1:2000, IHC:1:25-1:100 Q6EIG7 Synonyms: C-type lectin domain family 6, member A Immunogen:

Synthetic peptide of human CLEC6A.

-20° C, pH7.4 PBS, 0.05% NaN3, 40% Glycerol

Storage:

## **Product Images**



The image on the left is immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human liver cancer tissue using PACO19556(CLEC6A Antibody) at dilution 1/20, on the right is treated with synthetic peptide. (Original magnification: x—200).