## **DNM2 Antibody**



## PACO19587

## **Product Information**

Size:

50ul

Reactivity:

Human, Mouse, Rat

Source:

Rabbit

Isotype:

lgG

**Applications:** 

ELISA, WB, IHC

**Recommended dilutions:** 

ELISA:1:2000-1:5000, WB:1:500-1:2000, IHC:1:50-1:200

**Protein Background:** 

Catalyzes the phosphorylation of phosphatidylinositol 4-phosphate (PtdIns4P) to form phosphatidylinositol 4,5-bisphosphate (PtdIns(4,5)P2). PtdIns(4,5)P2 is involved in a variety of cellular processes and is the substrate to form phosphatidylinositol 3,4,5-trisphosphate (PtdIns(3,4,5)P3), another second messenger. The majority of PtdIns(4,5)P2 is thought to occur via type I phosphatidylinositol 4-phosphate 5-kinases given the abundance of PtdIns4P. Participates in a variety of cellular processes such as actin cytoskeleton organization, cell adhesion, migration and phagocytosis. Required for membrane ruffling formation, actin organization and focal adhesion formation during directional cell migration by controlling integrin-induced translocation of RAC1 to the plasma membrane. Together with PIP5K1C is required for phagocytosis, but they regulate different types of actin remodeling at sequential steps. Promotes particle ingestion by activating WAS that induces Arp2/3 dependent actin polymerization at the nascent phagocytic cup.

Gene ID:

DNM2

Uniprot

P50570

Synonyms:

dynamin 2

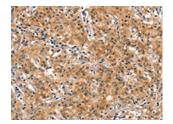
Immunogen:

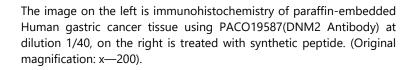
Synthetic peptide of human DNM2.

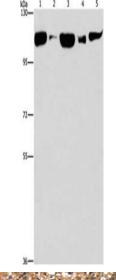
Storage:

-20° C, pH7.4 PBS, 0.05% NaN3, 40% Glycerol

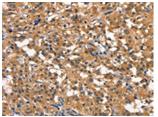
## **Product Images**







Gel: 6%SDS-PAGE, Lysate: 40 μ g, Lane 1-5: Raji cells, human fetal liver tissue, NIH/3T3 cells, mouse brain tissue, hela cells, Primary antibody: PACO19587(DNM2 Antibody) at dilution 1/400, Secondary antibody: Goat anti rabbit IgG at 1/8000 dilution, Exposure time: 30 seconds.



The image on the left is immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human thyroid cancer tissue using PACO19587(DNM2 Antibody) at dilution 1/40, on the right is treated with synthetic peptide. (Original magnification: x—200).