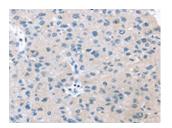
## **VPS4B Antibody**

PACO20863



Product Information	
Size:	Protein Background:
50ul	Receptor tyrosine kinase that transduces signals from the extracellular matrix into the
Reactivity:	cytoplasm by binding to MST1 ligand. Regulates many physiological processes including cell survival, migration and differentiation. Ligand binding at the cell surface
Human	induces autophosphorylation of RON on its intracellular domain that provides docking sites for downstream signaling molecules. Following activation by ligand, interacts with
Source:	the PI3-kinase subunit PIK3R1, PLCG1 or the adapter GAB1. Recruitment of these
Rabbit	downstream effectors by RON leads to the activation of several signaling cascades including the RAS-ERK, PI3 kinase-AKT, or PLCgamma-PKC. RON signaling activates the
lsotype:	wound healing response by promoting epithelial cell migration, proliferation as well as survival at the wound site. Plays also a role in the innate immune response by
lgG	regulating the migration and phagocytic activity of macrophages. Alternatively, RON
Applications:	can also promote signals such as cell migration and proliferation in response to growth factors other than MST1 ligand.
Elisa, IHC	Gene ID:
Recommended dilutions:	VPS4B
ELISA:1:1000-1:2000, IHC:1:10-1:50	Uniprot
	075351
	Synonyms:
	vacuolar protein sorting 4 homolog B (S. cerevisiae)
	Immunogen:
	Synthetic peptide of human VPS4B.
	Storage:

-20° C, pH7.4 PBS, 0.05% NaN3, 40% Glycerol



The image on the left is immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human liver cancer tissue using PACO20863(VPS4B Antibody) at dilution 1/20, on the right is treated with synthetic peptide. (Original magnification: x—200).