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## Product Information

**Size:**

100ul

**Reactivity:**

Human, Mouse, Rat

**Source:**

Rabbit

**Isotype:**

IgG

**Applications:**

ELISA, WB

**Recommended dilutions:**

ELISA:1:2000-1:10000, WB:1:500-1:3000

**Protein Background:**

Non-catalytic subunit of AMP-activated protein kinase (AMPK), an energy sensor protein kinase that plays a key role in regulating cellular energy metabolism. In response to reduction of intracellular ATP levels, AMPK activates energy-producing pathways and inhibits energy-consuming processes: inhibits protein, carbohydrate and lipid biosynthesis, as well as cell growth and proliferation. AMPK acts via direct phosphorylation of metabolic enzymes, and by longer-term effects via phosphorylation of transcription regulators. Also acts as a regulator of cellular polarity by remodeling the actin cytoskeleton; probably by indirectly activating myosin. Beta non-catalytic subunit acts as a scaffold on which the AMPK complex assembles, via its C-terminus that bridges alpha (PRKAA1 or PRKAA2) and gamma subunits (PRKAG1, PRKAG2 or PRKAG3).

**Gene ID:**

PRKAB1

**Uniprot**

Q9Y478

**Synonyms:**

5-AMP-activated protein kinase subunit beta-1; AMPK beta-1 chain; AMPKb; PRKAB1; AMPK

**Immunogen:**

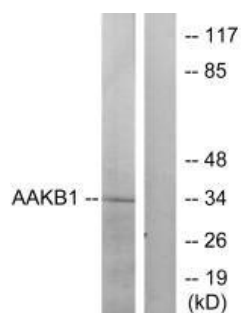
Synthesized peptide derived from N-terminal of human PRKAB1.

**Storage:**

Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline (without Mg<sup>2+</sup> and Ca<sup>2+</sup>), pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol.

## Product Images

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Western blot analysis of extracts from RAW264.7 cells, treated with TNF (20ng/ml, 5mins), using PRKAB1 antibody.