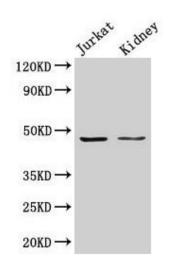
ALDOA Antibody

PACO24616

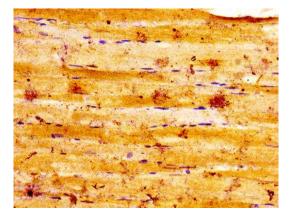


Product Information	
Size:	Protein Background:
50ug	Plays a key role in glycolysis and gluconeogenesis. In addition, may also function as scaffolding protein.Defects in ALDOA are the cause of glycogen storage disease type 12 (GSD12) [MIM:611881]; also known as red cell aldolase deficiency. A metabolic disorder associated with increased hepatic glycogen and hemolytic anemia. It may lead to myopathy with exercise intolerance and rhabdomyolysis. Belongs to the class I fructose-bisphosphate aldolase family.
Reactivity:	
Human, Rat	
Source:	
Rabbit	Gene ID:
lsotype:	ALDOA
lgG	Uniprot
Applications:	P04075
ELISA, WB, IHC	Synonyms:
Recommended dilutions:	Fructose-bisphosphate aldolase A (EC 4.1.2.13) (Lung cancer antigen NY-LU-1) (Muscle- type aldolase), ALDOA, ALDA -
ELISA:1:2000-1:10000, WB:1:500-1:5000,	
IHC:1:20-1:200	Immunogen:
	Recombinant Human Fructose-bisphosphate aldolase A protein (2-364AA).
	Storage:

Preservative: 0.03% Proclin 300. Constituents: 50% Glycerol, 0.01M PBS, PH 7.4



Western Blot Positive WB detected in: Jurkat whole cell lysate, Rat kidney tissue All lanes: ALDOA antibody at 3µg/ml Secondary Goat polyclonal to rabbit IgG at 1/50000 dilution Predicted band size: 40, 46 kDa Observed band size: 46 kDa



IHC image of PACO24616 diluted at 1:100 and staining in paraffinembedded human skeletal muscle tissue performed on a Leica BondTM system. After dewaxing and hydration, antigen retrieval was mediated by high pressure in a citrate buffer (pH 6.0). Section was blocked with 10% normal goat serum 30min at RT. Then primary antibody (1% BSA) was incubated at 4°C overnight. The primary is detected by a biotinylated secondary antibody and visualized using an HRP conjugated SP system.