## ATP5F1A Antibody, FITC conjugated



## PACO25142

Reactivity:

Human

Rabbit

Isotype:

lgG

## **Product Information**

Size: Protein Background:

50ug Mitochondrial membrane ATP synthase (F1F0 ATP synthase or Complex V) produces
ATP from ADP in the presence of a proton gradient across the membrane which is

generated by electron transport complexes of the respiratory chain. F-type ATPases consist of two structural domains, F1 - containing the extramembraneous catalytic core,

and F0 - containing the membrane proton channel, linked together by a central stalk

**Source:** and a peripheral stalk. During catalysis, ATP synthesis in the catalytic domain of F1 is

coupled via a rotary mechanism of the central stalk subunits to proton translocation.

Subunits alpha and beta form the catalytic core in F1. Rotation of the central stalk against the surrounding alpha3beta3 subunits leads to hydrolysis of ATP in three

separate catalytic sites on the beta subunits. Subunit alpha does not bear the catalytic

high-affinity ATP-binding sites.

Applications: Gene ID:

ELISA ATP5F1A

Recommended dilutions: Uniprot

P25705

Synonyms:

ATP synthase subunit alpha, mitochondrial (ATP synthase F1 subunit alpha ATP5A1),

ATP5F1A, ATP5A, ATP5A1, ATP5AL2, ATPM

Immunogen:

Recombinant Human ATP synthase subunit alpha, mitochondrial protein (44-553AA).

Storage:

Preservative: 0.03% Proclin 300. Constituents: 50% Glycerol, 0.01M PBS, PH 7.4

Product	<b>Images</b>
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N/A N/A