## Product Information

## Size:

50ul
Reactivity:
Human

## Source:

Rabbit
Isotype:
IgG
Applications:
ELISA, IHC

## Recommended dilutions:

ELISA:1:2000-1:10000, IHC:1:20-1:200

## Protein Background:

Cell surface GPI-bound ligand for Eph receptors, a family of receptor tyrosine kinases which are crucial for migration, repulsion and adhesion during neuronal, vascular and epithelial development. Binds promiscuously Eph receptors residing on adjacent cells, leading to contact-dependent bidirectional signaling into neighboring cells. Plays an important role in angiogenesis and tumor neovascularization. The recruitment of VAV2, VAV3 and PI3-kinase p85 subunit by phosphorylated EPHA2 is critical for EFNA1induced RAC1 GTPase activation and vascular endothelial cell migration and assembly. Exerts anti-oncogenic effects in tumor cells through activation and down-regulation of EPHA2. Activates EPHA2 by inducing tyrosine phosphorylation which leads to its internalization and degradation. Acts as a negative regulator in the tumorigenesis of gliomas by down-regulating EPHA2 and FAK. Can evoke collapse of embryonic neuronal growth cone and regulates dendritic spine morphogenesis.

## Gene ID:

EFNA1

## Uniprot

P20827

## Synonyms:

Ephrin-A1 (EPH-related receptor tyrosine kinase ligand 1) (LERK-1) (Immediate early response protein B61) (Tumor necrosis factor alpha-induced protein 4) (TNF alphainduced protein 4) [Cleaved into: Ephrin-A1, secreted form], EFNA1, EPLG1 LERK1 TNFAIP4

Immunogen:
Recombinant Human Ephrin-A1 protein (19-182AA).

## Storage:

PBS with $0.02 \%$ sodium azide, $50 \%$ glycerol, pH7.3

## Product Images



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded human colon cancer using PACO43364 at dilution of 1:100.


Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded human brain tissue using PACO43364 at dilution of 1:100.

