PAN2 Antibody



PACO46582

Source:

Rabbit

Product Information

Size: Protein Background:

50ug Catalytic subunit of the poly(A)-nuclease (PAN) deadenylation complex, one of two cytoplasmic mRNA deadenylases involved in general and miRNA-mediated mRNA

Reactivity: turnover. PAN specifically shortens poly(A) tails of RNA when the poly(A) stretch is

Human bound by poly(A)-binding protein (PABP), which is followed by rapid degradation of the

shortened mRNA tails by the CCR4-NOT complex. Deadenylated mRNAs are then

degraded by two alternative mechanisms, namely exosome-mediated 3'-5'

exonucleolytic degradation, or deadenlyation-dependent mRNA decaping and

subsequent 5'-3' exonucleolytic degradation by XRN1.

Isotype: Gene ID:

IgG PAN2

Applications: Uniprot

ELISA, IHC, IF Q504Q3

Recommended dilutions: Synonyms:

ELISA:1:2000-1:10000, IHC:1:20-1:200, IF:1:50-1:200

PAN2-PAN3 deadenylation complex catalytic subunit PAN2 (EC 3.1.13.4) (Inactive ubiquitin carboxyl-terminal hydrolase 52) (PAB1P-dependent poly(A)-specific ribonuclease) (Poly(A)-nuclease deadenylation complex subunit 2) (PAN deadenylation complex subunit 2), PAN2, KIAA0710 USP52

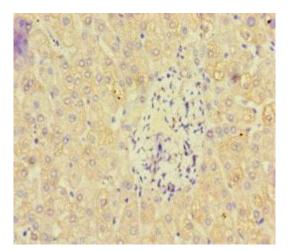
Immunogen:

Recombinant Human PAB-dependent poly(A)-specific ribonuclease subunit PAN2 protein (628-908AA).

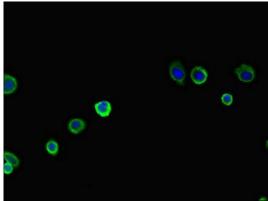
Storage:

Preservative: 0.03% Proclin 300. Constituents: 50% Glycerol, 0.01M PBS, PH 7.4

Product Images



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded human liver tissue using PACO46582 at dilution of 1:100.



Immunofluorescent analysis of HepG2 cells using PACO46582 at dilution of 1:100 and Alexa Fluor 488-congugated AffiniPure Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG(H+L).