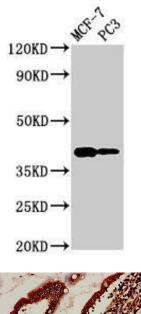
DNASE2 Antibody

PACO49530

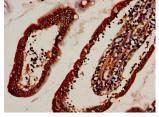


Product Information	
Size:	Protein Background:
50ug	Hydrolyzes DNA under acid, c conditions with a preference for double-stranded DNA.
Reactivity:	Plays a major role in the degradation of nuclear DNA in cellular apoptosis during development. Necessary for proper fetal development and for definitive erythropoiesis
Human	in fetal liver, where it degrades nuclear DNA expelled from erythroid precursor cells.
Source:	Gene ID:
Rabbit	DNASE2
lsotype:	Uniprot
lgG	O00115
Applications:	Synonyms:
ELISA, WB, IHC	Deoxyribonuclease-2-alpha (EC 3.1.22.1) (acid, DNase) (Deoxyribonuclease II alpha) (DNase II alpha) (Lysosomal DNase II) (R31240_2), DNASE2, DNASE2A DNL2
Recommended dilutions:	Immunogen:
ELISA:1:2000-1:10000, WB:1:500-1:5000, IHC:1:200-1:500	Recombinant Human Deoxyribonuclease-2-α protein (19-152AA).
	Storage:

Preservative: 0.03% Proclin 300. Constituents: 50% Glycerol, 0.01M PBS, pH 7.4



Western Blot. Positive WB detected in: MCF-7 whole cell lysate, PC-3 whole cell lysate. All lanes: DNASE2 antibody at 2.7µg/ml. Secondary. Goat polyclonal to rabbit IgG at 1/50000 dilution. Predicted band size: 40, 34 kDa. Observed band size: 40 kDa.



IHC image of PACO49530 diluted at 1:400 and staining in paraffinembedded human small intestine tissue performed on a Leica BondTM system. After dewaxing and hydration, antigen retrieval was mediated by high pressure in a citrate buffer (pH 6.0). Section was blocked with 10% normal goat serum 30min at RT. Then primary antibody (1% BSA) was incubated at 4°C overnight. The primary is detected by a biotinylated secondary antibody and visualized using an HRP conjugated SP system.