IRF9 Antibody

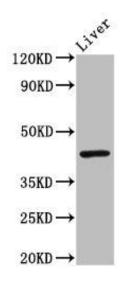
PACO54826



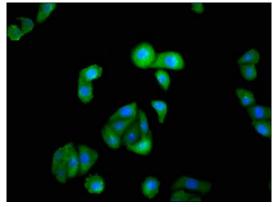
Product Information	
Size:	Protein Background:
50ug	Transcription factor that mediates signaling by type I IFNs (IFN-alpha and IFN-beta).
Reactivity:	Following type I IFN binding to cell surface receptors, Jak kinases (TYK2 and JAK1) are activated, leading to tyrosine phosphorylation of STAT1 and STAT2. IRF9/ISGF3G
Human, Mouse	associates with the phosphorylated STAT1: STAT2 dimer to form a complex termed ISGF3 transcription factor, that enters the nucleus. ISGF3 binds to the IFN stimulated
Source:	response element (ISRE) to activate the transcription of interferon stimulated genes,
Rabbit	which drive the cell in an antiviral state.
lsotype:	Gene ID:
lgG	IRF9
5	Uniprot
Applications:	Q00978
ELISA, WB, IF	Synonyms:
Recommended dilutions:	
ELISA:1:2000-1:10000, WB:1:500-1:5000, IF:1:50-1:200	Interferon regulatory factor 9 (IRF-9) (IFN-alpha-responsive transcription factor subunit) (ISGF3 p48 subunit) (Interferon-stimulated gene factor 3 gamma) (ISGF-3 gamma) (Transcriptional regulator ISGF3 subunit gamma), IRF9, ISGF3G
	Immunogen:
	Recombinant Human Interferon regulatory factor 9 protein (44-180AA).
	C

Storage:

Preservative: 0.03% Proclin 300. Constituents: 50% Glycerol, 0.01M PBS, pH 7.4



Western Blot. Positive WB detected in: Mouse liver tissue. All lanes: IRF9 antibody at 3μ g/ml. Secondary. Goat polyclonal to rabbit IgG at 1/50000 dilution. Predicted band size: 44 kDa. Observed band size: 44 kDa.



Immunofluorescence staining of HepG2 cells with PACO54826 at 1:100, counter-stained with DAPI. The cells were fixed in 4% formaldehyde, permeabilized using 0.2% Triton X-100 and blocked in 10% normal Goat Serum. The cells were then incubated with the antibody overnight at 4°C. The secondary antibody was Alexa Fluor 488-congugated AffiniPure Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG(H+L).