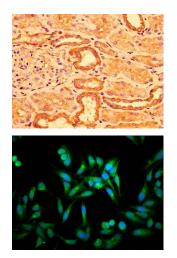
ACOT1 Antibody

PACO56406



Product Information	
Size:	Protein Background:
50ug	Acyl-CoA thioesterases are a group of enzymes that catalyze the hydrolysis of acyl- CoAs to the free fatty acid, and coenzyme A (CoASH), providing the potential to regulate intracellular levels of acyl-CoAs, free fatty acid, and CoASH. Active towards fatty acyl-CoA with chain-lengths of C12-C16.
Reactivity:	
Human	
Source:	Gene ID:
Rabbit	ACOT1
lsotype:	Uniprot
lgG	Q86TX2
Applications:	Synonyms:
ELISA, IHC, IF	Acyl-coenzyme A thioesterase 1 (Acyl-CoA thioesterase 1) (EC 3.1.2.2) (CTE-I) (CTE-Ib) (Inducible cytosolic acyl-coenzyme A thioester hydrolase) (Long chain acyl-CoA thioester hydrolase) (Long chain acyl-CoA hydrolase), ACOT1, CTE1
Recommended dilutions:	
ELISA:1:2000-1:10000, IHC:1:200-1:500, IF:1:50-1:200	Immunogen:
	Recombinant Human Acyl-coenzyme A thioesterase 1 protein (258-350AA).
	Storage:

Preservative: 0.03% Proclin 300. Constituents: 50% Glycerol, 0.01M PBS, pH 7.4



IHC image of PACO56406 diluted at 1:300 and staining in paraffinembedded human kidney tissue performed on a Leica BondTM system. After dewaxing and hydration, antigen retrieval was mediated by high pressure in a citrate buffer (pH 6.0). Section was blocked with 10% normal goat serum 30min at RT. Then primary antibody (1% BSA) was incubated at 4°C overnight. The primary is detected by a biotinylated secondary antibody and visualized using an HRP conjugated SP system.

Immunofluorescence staining of Hela cells with PACO56406 at 1:100, counter-stained with DAPI. The cells were fixed in 4% formaldehyde, permeabilized using 0.2% Triton X-100 and blocked in 10% normal Goat Serum. The cells were then incubated with the antibody overnight at 4°C. The secondary antibody was Alexa Fluor 488-congugated AffiniPure Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG(H+L).