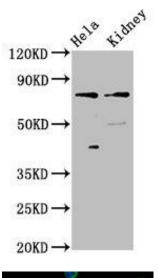
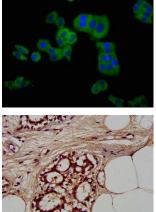
## **CLCNKB** Antibody

## PACO57704



Product Information	
Size:	Protein Background:
50ug	Voltage-gated chloride channel. Chloride channels have several functions including the
Reactivity:	regulation of cell volume; membrane potential stabilization, signal transduction and transepithelial transport. May be important in urinary concentrating mechanisms.
Human, Rat	Gene ID:
Source:	CLCNKB
Rabbit	Uniprot
lsotype:	P51801
lgG	Synonyms:
Applications:	Chloride channel protein CIC-Kb (Chloride channel Kb) (CIC-K2), CLCNKB
ELISA, WB, IHC, IF	Immunogen:
Recommended dilutions:	Recombinant Human Chloride channel protein ClC-Kb protein (538-687AA).
ELISA:1:2000-1:10000, WB:1:500-1:5000, IHC:1:200-1:500, IF:1:50-1:200	Storage:
	Preservative: 0.03% Proclin 300. Constituents: 50% Glycerol, 0.01M PBS, pH 7.4





Western Blot. Positive WB detected in: Hela whole cell lysate, Rat kidney tissue. All lanes: CLCNKB antibody at  $3\mu$ g/ml. Secondary. Goat polyclonal to rabbit IgG at 1/50000 dilution. Predicted band size: 76, 57 kDa. Observed band size: 76 kDa.

Immunofluorescence staining of HepG2 cells with PACO57704 at 1:100, counter-stained with DAPI. The cells were fixed in 4% formaldehyde, permeabilized using 0.2% Triton X-100 and blocked in 10% normal Goat Serum. The cells were then incubated with the antibody overnight at 4°C. The secondary antibody was Alexa Fluor 488-congugated AffiniPure Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG(H+L).

IHC image of PACO57704 diluted at 1:300 and staining in paraffinembedded human breast cancer performed on a Leica BondTM system. After dewaxing and hydration, antigen retrieval was mediated by high pressure in a citrate buffer (pH 6.0). Section was blocked with 10% normal goat serum 30min at RT. Then primary antibody (1% BSA) was incubated at 4°C overnight. The primary is detected by a biotinylated secondary antibody and visualized using an HRP conjugated SP system.