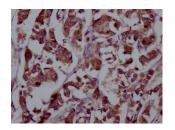
FGFR4 Recombinant Antibody

RAC00347



Product Information	
Size:	Protein Background:
50ul	Tyrosine-protein kinase that acts as cell-surface receptor for fibroblast growth factors and plays a role in the regulation of cell proliferation, differentiation and migration, and in regulation of lipid metabolism, bile acid biosynthesis, glucose uptake, vitamin D metabolism and phosphate homeostasis. Required for normal down-regulation of the expression of CYP7A1, the rate-limiting enzyme in bile acid synthesis, in response to FGF19. Phosphorylates PLCG1 and FRS2. Ligand binding leads to the activation of several signaling cascades. Activation of PLCG1 leads to the production of the cellular signaling molecules diacylglycerol and inositol 1,4,5-trisphosphate.
Reactivity:	
Human	
Source:	
Homo sapiens (Human)	
lsotype:	Gene ID:
Rabbit IgG	FGFR4
Applications:	Uniprot
ELISA, IHC	P22455
Recommended dilutions:	Synonyms:
IHC:1:50-1:200	Fibroblast growth factor receptor 4 (FGFR-4) (EC 2.7.10.1) (CD antigen CD334), FGFR4, JTK2 TKF
	Immunogen:
	A synthesized peptide derived from human FGFR4.
	Storage:

Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol.



IHC image of RACO0347 diluted at 1:100 and staining in paraffinembedded human breast cancer performed on a Leica BondTM system. After dewaxing and hydration, antigen retrieval was mediated by high pressure in a citrate buffer (pH 6.0). Section was blocked with 10% normal goat serum 30min at RT. Then primary antibody (1% BSA) was incubated at 4°C overnight. The primary is detected by a Goat antirabbit IgG polymer labeled by HRP and visualized using 0.05% DAB.