

Technical Manual

ColorFluor Phospholipase D (PLD) Activity Assay Kit

Catalogue Code: BA0144

Pack Size: 100 assays

Research Use Only



DESCRIPTION

PHOSPHOLIPASE D (PLD) catalyses the hydrolysis of the phosphodiester bond of glycerophospholipids to generate phosphatidic acid and a free headgroup. Abnormalities in PLD expression have been associated with human cancers. The Assay Genie ColorFluor Phospholipase D (PLD) Activity Assay Kit method provides a simple and high-throughput assay for measuring PLD activity. In this assay, PLD hydrolyzes phosphatidylcholine to choline which is determined using choline oxidase and a H_2O_2 specific dye. The optical density of the pink colored product at 570nm or fluorescence intensity (530/585 nm) is directly proportional to the PLD activity in the sample.

KEY FEATURES

Sensitive. Use 10 μL samples. Detection range: colorimetric assay 0.06 - 10 U/L, fluorimetric assay 0.04 - 1 U/L.

Simple and High-throughput: the assay involves addition of a single working reagent and can be readily adapted to high-throughput assays for drug screening.

APPLICATIONS

Direct Assays: phospholipase D in biological samples.

Drug Discovery/Pharmacology: effects of drugs on phospholipase D metabolism.

KIT CONTENTS

Assay Buffer: 10 mL Dye Reagent: 120 μ L Enzyme Mix: Dried Substrate: 1.5 mL

Calibrator: 400 μL

Storage conditions. The kit is shipped on ice. Store all components at -20°C. Shelf life of six months after receipt.

Precautions: reagents are for research use only. Normal precautions for laboratory reagents should be exercised while using the reagents. Please refer to Material Safety Data Sheet for detailed information.

COLORIMETRIC ASSAY

Liquid samples can be assayed directly. Solid samples should be homogenized in a suitable enzyme buffer prior to assay.

Note: SH-containing reagents (e.g. β -mercaptoethanol, dithiothreitol, > 5 μ M), sodium azide, EDTA, and sodium dodecyl sulfate are known to interfere in this assay and should be avoided in sample preparation. If a sample is known to contain choline, it should be removed by dialysis or membrane filtration.

- 1. Equilibrate all components to room temperature. Briefly centrifuge the tubes before opening. Keep thawed tubes on ice during assay. Reconstitute Enzyme Mix with 120 μ L Assay Buffer. Reconstituted Enzyme Mix is stable for 1 month when stored at -20°C.
- 2. Calibrator: mix 33 μL Calibrator with 187 μL dH₂O (final 300 μM choline). Dilute calibrator in dH₂O as follows.

No	300 μM Premix + H ₂ O	Vol (μL)	Calibrator (μM)
1	100 μL + 0 μL	100	300
2	60 μL + 40 μL	100	180
3	30 μL + 70 μL	100	90
4	0 μL +100 μL	100	0



Transfer 10 μ L diluted standards into separate wells of a clear flat-bottom 96-well plate. Samples: transfer 10 μ L of each sample into separate wells of the plate.

3. *Color reaction*. Prepare enough Working Reagent by mixing, for each well, 85 μL Assay Buffer, 1 μL Enzyme Mix, 1 μL Dye Reagent and 12 μL Substrate. Add 90 μL Working Reagent to each well.

Tap plate to mix. Incubate at desired temperature and protect from light. At 10 and 30 min, read optical density 570nm (550-585nm).

FLUORIMETRIC ASSAY

The fluorimetric assay procedure is similar to the colorimetric procedure except that (1) 0, 9, 18 and 30 μ M calibrator and (2) a black 96-well plate are used. Read fluorescence intensity at λ_{ex} = 530 nm and λ_{em} = 585 nm.

CALCULATION

Subtract blank value (#4) from the standard values and plot the Δ OD or Δ F against standard concentrations. Determine the slope and calculate the PLD activity of Sample,

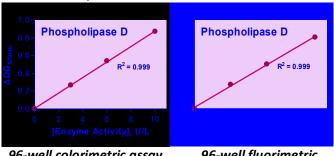
[Phospholipase D] =
$$\frac{R_{30} - R_{10}}{\text{Slope x 20}} \times n$$
 (U/L)

 R_{30} and R_{10} are optical density or fluorescence intensity readings of the Sample at 30 min and 10 min, respectively. 20 is the enzyme reaction time (30 min - 10 min). n is the sample dilution factor. *Note*: if the calculated PLD activity of a sample is higher than 10 U/L in the Colorimetric Assay or 1 U/L in the Fluorimetric Assay, dilute sample in assay buffer and repeat the assay. Multiply result by the dilution factor.

Unit definition: 1 unit of PLD catalyzes formation of 1 µmole of choline per minute under the assay conditions (pH 7.4).

MATERIALS REQUIRED, BUT NOT PROVIDED

Pipetting devices, centrifuge tubes, clear flat-bottom uncoated 96-well plates, optical density plate reader; black flat-bottom uncoated 96-well plates, fluorescence plate reader.



96-well colorimetric assay 96-well fluorimetric assay



LITERATURE

- 1. Su W, Chen Q, Frohman MA. (2009). Targeting phospholipase D with small-molecule inhibitors as a potential therapeutic approach for cancer metastasis. Future Oncol. 5(9):1477-86.
- 2. Carman GM, Fischl AS, Dougherty M, Maerker G. (1981). A spectrophotometric method for the assay of phospholipase D activity. Anal Biochem. 110(1):73-6.
- 3. Imamura S, Horiuti Y. (1978). Enzymatic determination of phospholipase D activity with choline oxidase. J Biochem. 83(3):677-80.

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